### Utilities and Transportation Commission Standard Inspection Report for Intrastate Gas Systems Procedures and Plan Review

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

A completed **Inspection Checklist, Cover Letter and Field Report** are to be submitted to the Chief Engineer within **30 days** from completion of the inspection.

		Inspection Report			
Inspection ID/Docket Nu	mber	6773			
Inspector Name &		Scott Anderson, submitted 6/2/16			
Submit Date		Lead: Lex Vinsel			
Sr. Eng Name &		Joe Subsits, June 3, 2016			
<b>Review/Date</b>		JOE SUBSIS, Julie 5, 2010			
		<b>Operator Information</b>			
Name of Operator:	Lamb	Weston/BSW, LLC.		OP ID #:	32560
Name of Unit(s):	Heado	juarters			
Records Location: Warden, WA					
Date(s) of Last Review:	May 2	2013	Inspection Date	6/1/16	

#### **Inspection Summary:**

This inspection was a review of the O&M Manual of Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC., there were no probable violations. Any changes or additions that needed to be added to the manual were done onsite. The revised O&M manual has been sent to the WUTC via email.

The Lamb Weston/BSW intrastate transmission line runs from the Williams gate station (and R46) to the R26 regulator station on NE corner of Road U and County Line Road. A HP line then exits R26 and comes up inside the processing plant in Warden, WA.

Williams provides natural gas at 700-800 PSIG to the inlet MAOP 809 of Regulator R46. Regulator R46 outlet MAOP is 150 PSIG. The pipeline is X46 6-inch diameter with 0.188 inch wall. From R46 the pipeline crosses under Road 6 (North) and turns West to parallel Road 6 on the North side. The 6-inch pipeline continues west to just east of the intersection with County Line Road. The pipeline goes under Road 6 again and travels south on the east side of County Line Road. When the pipeline comes even with the R26 regulator just past Basin Street the pipeline turns under County Line Road and enters the regulator station on the NE corner of the intersection. 6-inch MAOP of 150 PSIG on the inlet side of R26 and outlet is 4-inch with MAOP of 150 PSIG that operates at 100 PSIG to the plant.

HQ Address:			System/Unit Name & Address:	
1203 Basin St.			N/A	
Warden, WA 98857				
Co. Official:	Marvin Price		Phone No.:	N/A
Phone No.:	509-349-2210		Fax No.:	N/A
Fax No.:			Emergency Phone No.:	N/A
<b>Emergency Phone No.:</b>				N/A
Persons Int	terviewed		Title	Phone No.
Marvin	Price	Lamb West	ton/BSW, LLC Energy Manager	509-989-9959
Kevin O	'Hogan	NWMF	&P Gas Systems Supervisor	503-793-7045
Jason W	lingate	NWMF	&P Gas Systems Technician	503-423-7724
Bryan Y	echout	NWM	IF&P Gas Systems Analyst	503-692-0995
Andy Ba	ateman	Lamb Wes	ston/BSW, LLC Plant Manager	509-349-2210

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		GA	AS SYSTEM OPERATIONS	
Gas Supp	plier Williams			
	<b>Operating Pressure(s):</b>		MAOP (Within last year)	Actual Operating Pressure (At time of Inspection)
Feeder:	N/A	N/A		N/A
Town:	N/A	N/A		N/A
Other:	N/A	N/A		N/A
Does the o	operator have any transmission pipeline	s? NO		

Pipe Specifications:			
Year Installed (Range)	2000	Pipe Diameters (Range)	4"-6"
Material Type	Steel	Line Pipe Specification	API 5L
		Used	
Mileage	4.5	SMYS %	10.4% and 14.4%

### 49 CFR PART 191 & CHAPTER 480-93 WAC

		REPORTING PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
1.		Immediate Notice of certain incidents to <b>NRC</b> (800) 424-8802, or electronically at <u>http://www.nrc.uscg.mil/nrchp.html</u> , and additional report if significant new information becomes available. Operator must have a written procedure for calculating an initial estimate of the amount of product released in an accident. (Amdt. 192-115, 75 FR 72878, November 26, 2010, eff. 1/1/2011)191.5 ***SEC 2.5 B***	х			
2.		Reports (except SRCR and offshore pipeline condition reports) must be submitted electronically to PHMSA at <u>http://portal.phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline</u> unless an alternative reporting method is authorized IAW with paragraph (d) of this section. (Amdt. 191-115, 75 FR 72878, November 26, 2010, eff. 1/1/2011). 191.7 *** <b>SEC 8.14.1</b> ***	Х			
3.	480-93-180 (1)	Telephonic Reports to UTC Pipeline Safety Incident Notification 1-888-321-9144 (Within 2hours) for events which;480-93-200(1) ***SEC 8.14.1 A-G***				
4.		(a) Results in a fatality or personal injury requiring hospitalization;	Х			
5.		(b) Results in damage to the property of the operator and others of a combined total exceeding fifty thousand dollars;	Х			
6.		(c) Results in the evacuation of a building, or high occupancy structures or areas	Х			
7.		(d) Results in the unintentional ignition of gas;	Х			
8.		(e) Results in the unscheduled interruption of service furnished by any operator to twenty-five or more distribution customers;	Х			
9.		(f) Results in a pipeline or system pressure exceeding the MAOP plus ten percent or the maximum pressure allowed by proximity considerations outlined in WAC <u>480-93-020</u> ;	Х			
10.		g) Is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it does not meet the criteria of (a) through (e) of this subsection; or	Х			
11.		Telephonic Reports to UTC Pipeline Safety Incident Notification 1-888-321-9146 (Within 24 hours) for; 480-93-200(2) ***SEC 8.14.1 FOR A-D***	Х			
12.		(a) The uncontrolled release of gas for more than two hours;	Х			
13.		b) The taking of a high pressure supply or transmission pipeline or a major distribution supply pipeline out of service;	Х			
14.		(c) A pipeline or system operating at low pressure dropping below the safe operating conditions of attached appliances and gas equipment; or	Х			
15.	480-93-180 (1)	(d) A pipeline or system pressure exceeding the MAOP.	Х			

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		REPORTING PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
16.		30 day written incident (federal) reports; (DOT Form F 7100.1) 191.9(a) For Transmission & Gathering Lines; (DOT Form F 7100.2) 191.15(a)30-day follow-up written report Submittal must be electronically to <u>http://portal.phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline</u> (Amdt. 192-115, 75 FR 72878, November 26, 2010, eff. 1/1/2011). *** <b>SEC 8.14.1</b> ***	х			
17.		Supplemental incident reports 191.15(c) ***SEC 2.2 (1)***	Х			
18.		Written incident reports <b>filed with the commission</b> (within 30 days); and include the following; 480-93-200(4) (a) thru (g) <b>***SEC 2.2</b> (1) <b>***</b>	Х			
19.	480-93-180 (1)	Supplemental reports filed with the commission 480-93-200(5) ***SEC 2.2 (1)***	Х			
20.		Written report within 45 days of receiving the failure analysis of any incident or hazardous condition due to construction defects or material failure 480-93-200(6) ***SEC 2.2 (1)***	Х			
21.	480-93-180 (1)	Annual Report (DOT Form PHMSA F-7100.2-1) For Transmission & Gathering 191.17(a) Complete and submit DOT Form PHMSA F 7100-2.1 by March 15 of each calendar year for the preceding year. ( <i>NOTE: June 15, 2013 for the year 2012</i> ). ***SEC 2.2 (1)***	х			
22.		<b>Filing Reports of Damage to Gas Pipeline Facilities to the commission. (eff 4/1/2013)</b> (Via the commission's Virtual DIRT system or on-line damage reporting form) 480-93-200(7)				
23.		Does the operator report to the commission the requirements set forth in RCW 19.122.053(3) (a) through (n) 480-93-200(7)(a) ***SEC 2.2.1***	Х			
24.		Does the operator report the name, address, and phone number of the person or entity that the company has reason to believe may have caused damage due to excavations conducted <u>without</u> <u>facility locates</u> first being completed? 480-93-200(7)(b) <b>***SEC 22 THIRD PARTY DAMAGE REPORT</b> ***	х			
25.	480-93-180 (1)	Does the operator retain all damage and damage claim records it creates related to damage events reported under 93-200(7)(b), including photographs and documentation supporting the conclusion that a facilities locate was not completed? 480-93-200(7)(c) <b>Note:</b> Records maintained for two years and made available to the commission upon request. <b>***SEC 22 THIRD PARTY DAMAGE REPORT</b> ***	х			
26.		Does the operator provide the following information to excavators who damage gas pipeline facilities? 480-93-200(8)				
27.		<ul> <li>Notification requirements for excavators under RCW 19.122.050(1) 200(8)(a)</li> <li>***SEC 8.18***</li> </ul>	Х			
28.		<ul> <li>A description of the excavator's responsibilities for reporting damages under RCW 19.122.053; and 200(8)(b) ***SEC 8.18***</li> </ul>	Х			
29.		<ul> <li>Information concerning the safety committee referenced under RCW 19.122.130, including committee contact information, and the process for filing a complaint with the safety committee. 200(8)(c) ***SEC 8.18***</li> </ul>	Х			
30.		<ul> <li>Reports to the commission only when the operator or its contractor observes or becomes aware of the following activities</li> <li>An excavator digs within thirty-five feet of a transmission pipeline, as defined by RCW 19.122.020(26) without first obtaining a facilities locate; (200(9)(a)</li> <li>A person intentionally damages or removes marks indicating the location or presence of gas pipeline facilities. 200(9)(b) ***SEC 2.2(5)***</li> </ul>	X			
		Annual Reports <u>filed with the commission</u> no later than March 15 for the proceeding calendar year 480-93-200(10)				
31.		A copy of PHMSA form F-7100.1-1 or F-7100.2-1 annual report required by the PHMSA/OPS 480-93-200(10)(a) *** <b>SEC 8.14.5</b> A***	X			
32.		Annual report on construction defects or material failures 480-93-200(10)(b) ***SEC 8.14.5 C***	Х			
33.		Providing updated emergency contact information to the Commission and appropriate officials 480-93-200(11) ***SEC 8.14.5 D***	Х			
34.	480-93-180 (1)	Providing daily construction and repair activities reports 480-93-200(12) ***SEC 8.14.5 F***	Х			
35.		Submitting copy of DOT Drug and Alcohol Testing MIS Data Collection Form (when required) 480-93-200(13) ***SEC 8.14.5 F***	Х			

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	REP	ORTING PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
36.		tain an OPID, validate its OPIDs, and notify PHMSA of certain events at t.gov/pipeline 191.22 ***OPID 32560/SEC 1.06***	х			
37.	Safety related condition	on reports (SRCR) 191.23 ***SEC 2.23***	Х			
38.	191.25; 49 U.S.C. 60 Note: Operators of ga allowable operating p	in 5 days of determination, but not later than 10 days after discovery 39, Subsection (b)(2) <b>***SEC 2.25***</b> s transmission pipelines that if the pipeline pressure exceeds maximum ressure (MAOP) plus the build-up, owner/operator must report the A <u>on or before the fifth day</u> following the date on which the exceedance				
	following information The name a business tel The name, j condition ex The date the to exist. The location offshore site station num stored. The corrective action	nd principal address of the operator, date of the report, name, job title, and ephone number of the person submitting the report. ob title, and business telephone number of the person who determined the	Х			
39.		ide instructions enabling personnel who perform operation and to recognize conditions that may potentially be safety-related conditions?	Х			

Requ	ired Submission of I	Data to the National Pipeline Mapping System Under the Pipeline Safety	~			
		Improvement Act of 2002	S	U	N/A	N/C
	49 U.S.C. 60132, Subsection (b)	Updates to NPMS: Operators are required to make update submissions every 12 months if any system modifications have occurred. Go to <u>http://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/submission/ to review existing data on record. Also</u>	x			
	ADB-08-07	report no modifications if none have occurred since the last complete submission. Include operator contact information with all updates. ***SEC 7.07***				
	RCW 81.88.080	Pipeline Mapping System: Has the operator provided accurate maps (or updates) of pipelines, operating over two hundred fifty pounds per square inch gauge, to specifications developed by the commission sufficient to meet the needs of first responders?			х	

**Comments:** 

RCW 81.88.080) Pipeline does not operate above 250 MAOP.

		49 CFR PART 192 SUBPART A – GENERAL CHAPTER 480-93 WAC – GAS COMPANIESSAFETY	S	U	N/A	N/C
40.	480-93-180 (1)	Procedures for notifying new customers, within <b>90 days</b> , of their responsibility for those selections of service lines not maintained by the operator. §192.16			Х	
41.	480-95-180 (1)	Conversion to Service - Any pipelines previously used in service not subject to Part 192? 192.14			Х	

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**Comments:** 

40-41. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

		SUBPART B - MATERIALS	S	U	N/A	N/C
		Are minimum requirements prescribed for the selection and qualification of pipe and components for use in pipelines 192.51				
42.	480-93-180 (1)	For <b>steel</b> pipe, manufactured in accordance with and meet the listed specification found under Appendix B 192.55 <b>***SEC 4.55***</b>	Х			
		For <b>new</b> plastic pipe, qualified for use under this part if: 192.59(a)				
43.	480-93-180 (1)	<ul> <li>It is manufactured in accordance with a listed specification; and 192.59(a)(1)</li> <li>It is resistant to chemicals with which contact may be anticipated. 192.59(a) (2)</li> </ul>			Х	
		For <b>used</b> plastic pipe, qualified for use under this part if: 192.59(b)				
44.	480-93-180 (1)	<ul> <li>It was manufactured in accordance with a listed specification; 192.59(b)(1)</li> <li>It is resistant to chemicals with which contact may be anticipated; 192.59(b)(2)</li> <li>It has been used only in natural gas service. 192.59(b)(3)(4)</li> <li>Its dimensions are still within the tolerances of the specification to which it was manufactured; and, 192.59(b)</li> <li>It is free of visible defects. 192.59(b)(5)</li> </ul>			х	
45.		Marking of Materials 192.63			Х	

**Comments:** 

43-45. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC has no plastic pipe. O&M Section 4.121.

		SUBPART C – PIPE DESIGN				
		Procedures for assuring that the minimum requirements for design of pipe are met				
		For Steel Pipe	S	U	N/A	N/C
46.		Pipe designed of sufficient wall thickness, or installed with adequate protection, to withstand anticipated external pressures and loads that will be imposed on the pipe after installation. 192.103 ***SEC 4.53***	х			
47.		Design formula for steel pipe. 192.105(a) ***SEC 4.105***	Х			
48.		Yield strength (S) for steel pipe. 192.107 ***SEC 4.107***	Х			
49.		Nominal wall thickness (t) for steel pipe. 192.109 (a) & (b) ***SEC 4.109***				
	480-93-180 (1)	(a) If the nominal wt is not known Determined by measuring the thickness of each piece of pipe at quarter points on one end unless				
	480-93-180 (1)	(b) If the pipe is of uniform grade, size, and thickness and more than 10 lengths of pipeline, only 10 percent of the individual lengths, but not less than 10 lengths, need be measured. The thickness of the lengths that are not measured must be verified by applying a gauge set to the minimum thickness found by the measurement. The nominal wall thickness to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is the next wall thickness found in commercial specifications that is below the average of all the measurements taken. However, the nominal wall thickness used may not be more than 1.14 times the smallest measurement taken on pipe less than 20 inches (508 millimeters) in outside diameter, nor more than 1.11 times the smallest measurement taken on pipe 20 inches (508 millimeters) or more in outside diameter.	х			

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### SUBPART C – PIPE DESIGN

	SUBFART C – FIFE DESIGN				
	Design factor (F) for steel pipe. 192.111				
	(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table. Class 1 <b>0.72</b> , Class 2 <b>0.60</b> , Class 3 <b>0.50</b> , Class 4 <b>0.40</b> *** <b>SEC 4.111 DESIGNED AS</b> <b>CLASS 2 BUT OPERATES AS A CLASS 1</b> ***	х			
	<ul> <li>(b) A design factor of 0.60 or less must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for steel pipe in Class 1 locations that:</li> <li>(1) Crosses the right-of-way of an unimproved public road, without a casing;</li> <li>(2) Crosses without a casing, or makes a parallel encroachment on, the right-of-way of either a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;</li> <li>(3) Is supported by a vehicular, pedestrian, railroad, or pipeline bridge; or</li> <li>(4) Is used in a fabricated assembly, (including separators, mainline valve assemblies, cross-connections, and river crossing headers) or is used within five pipe diameters in any direction from the last fitting of a fabricated assembly, other than a transition piece or an elbow used in place of a pipe bend which is not associated with a fabricated assembly ***SEC 4.111***</li> </ul>	X			
	(c) For Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for uncased steel pipe that crosses the right-of-way of a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad.			х	
	<ul> <li>(d) For Class 1 and Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for-</li> <li>(1) Steel pipe in a compressor station, regulating station, or measuring station, and</li> <li>(2) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platform located offshore or in inland navigable waters.</li> </ul>			х	
	Longitudinal joint factor (E) for steel pipe. 192.113 ***SEC 4.113***	Х			
480-93-180 (1)	Temperature derating factor (T) for steel pipe. 192.115 ***SEC 4.115***	Х			
	For Plastic Pipe				
480-93-180 (1)	Subject to the limitations of §192.123, for determining the design pressure for plastic pipe in accordance with either formula listed. 192.121 For assuring that the design limitations for plastic pipe are not exceeded. 192.123 (a) thru (e)			X X	
		(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table.         Class 1 0.72, Class 2 0.60, Class 3 0.50, Class 4 0.40***SEC 4.111 DESIGNED AS CLASS 2 BUT OPERATES AS A CLASS 1***         (b) A design factor of 0.60 or less must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for steel pipe in Class 1 locations that:         (1) Crosses the right-of-way of an unimproved public road, without a casing;         (2) Crosses without a casing, or makes a parallel encroachment on, the right-of-way of either a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;         (3) Is supported by a vehicular, pedestrian, railroad, or pipeline bridge; or         (4) Is used in a fabricated assembly, (including separators, mainline valve assemblies, cross-connections, and river crossing headers) or is used within five pipe diameters in any direction from the last fitting of a fabricated assembly, other than a transition piece or an elbow used in place of a pipe bend which is not associated with a fabricated assembly. ***SEC 4.111***         (c) For Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for-         (1) Steel pipe in a compressor station, regulating station, or measuring station, and         (2) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platform located offshore or in inland navigable waters.         480-93-180 (1)       Temperature derating factor (T) for steel pipe. 192.113 ***SEC 4.113***         480-93-180 (1)       Temperature derating factor (T) for steel pi	(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table.       x         (b) A design factor of 0.60 or less 3 0.50, Class 4 0.40***SEC 4.111 DESIGNED AS CLASS 2 BUT OPERATES AS A CLASS 1***       (b) A design factor of 0.60 or less must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for steel pipe in Class 1 locations that:       (1) Crosses the right-of-way of an unimproved public road, without a casing;       (2) Crosses without a casing, or makes a parallel encroachment on, the right-of-way of either a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;       x         (3) Is supported by a vehicular, pedestrian, railroad, or pipeline bridge; or       (4) Is used in a fabricated assembly, (including separators, mainline valve assemblies, cross-connections, and river crossing headers) or is used within five pipe diameters in any direction from the last fitting of a fabricated assembly, other than a transition piece or an elbow used in place of a pipe bend which is not associated with a fabricated assembly. ***SEC 4.111***       x         (c) For Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for-       x         (1) Steel pipe in a compressor station, regulating station, or measuring station, and       x         (2) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platform located offshore or in inland navigable waters.       x         480-93-180 (1)       Temperature derating factor (T) for steel pipe. 192.115 ***SEC 4.113***       x         480-93-180 (1) <td< td=""><td>(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table.       X         Chass 1 0.72, Class 2 0.60, Class 3 0.50, Class 4 0.40***SEC 4.111 DESIGNED AS CLASS 2 BUT OPERATES AS A CLASS 1***       X         (b) A design factor of 0.60 or less must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for steel pipe in Class 1 locations that:       X         (1) Crosses the right-of-way of an unimproved public road, without a casing;       (2) Crosses without a casing, or makes a parallel encroachment on, the right-of-way of either a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;       X         (3) Is supported by a vehicular, pedestrian, railroad, or pipeline bridge; or       X       X         (c) For Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for uncased steel pipe that crosses the right-of-way of a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;       X         (d) For Class 1 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for uncased steel pipe that crosses the right-of-way of a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad.       X         (d) For Class 1 and Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for.       X         (1) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platform located offshore or in inland navigable waters.       X         (1) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platfor</td><td>(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table.       X</td></td<>	(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table.       X         Chass 1 0.72, Class 2 0.60, Class 3 0.50, Class 4 0.40***SEC 4.111 DESIGNED AS CLASS 2 BUT OPERATES AS A CLASS 1***       X         (b) A design factor of 0.60 or less must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for steel pipe in Class 1 locations that:       X         (1) Crosses the right-of-way of an unimproved public road, without a casing;       (2) Crosses without a casing, or makes a parallel encroachment on, the right-of-way of either a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;       X         (3) Is supported by a vehicular, pedestrian, railroad, or pipeline bridge; or       X       X         (c) For Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for uncased steel pipe that crosses the right-of-way of a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad;       X         (d) For Class 1 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for uncased steel pipe that crosses the right-of-way of a hard surfaced road, a highway, a public street, or a railroad.       X         (d) For Class 1 and Class 2 locations, a design factor of 0.50, or less, must be used in the design formula in §192.105 for.       X         (1) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platform located offshore or in inland navigable waters.       X         (1) Steel pipe, including a pipe riser, on a platfor	(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined in accordance with the following Class location Design factor (F) table.       X

**Comments:** 

53. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not operate above 15% SMYS.

54. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have compressor stations O&M section 4.163.

57-58. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use plastic pipe O&M section 4.121.

		SUBPART D – DESIGN OF PIPELINE COMPONENTS	S	U	N/A	N/C
		For the design and installation of pipeline components and facilities, and relating to protection against accidental over-pressuring. 192.141				
59.	480-93-180 (1)	General requirements 192.143 ***SEC 4.53/4.199***	Х			
60.	400-95-180 (1)	Qualifying metallic components. 192.144 (a) & (b) ***SEC 4.144***	Х			

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		SUBPART D – DESIGN OF PIPELINE COMPONENTS	S	U	N/A	N/C
61.		For steel valves; meeting the minimum requirements of API 6D, or other standard that provides an equivalent performance level. 192.145 (a) thru (e) <b>***SEC 4.145/5.08***</b>	х			
62.		For each flange or flange accessory (other than cast iron) must meet the minimum requirements of ASME/ANSI B16.5, MSS SP-44, or the equivalent. 192.147 (a) thru (c) <b>***SEC 4.147***</b>	х			
63.		For ensuring that each new transmission line and each replacement of line pipe, valve, fitting, or other line component in a transmission line is designed and constructed to accommodate the passage of instrumented internal inspection devices. 192.150 (a) thru (c).			х	
64.		Components fabricated by welding. 192.153 (a) thru (d) ***SEC 4.153***	Х			
65.		Welded branch connections. 192.155 ***SEC 4.155***	Х			
66.		Flexibility. 192.159 *** <b>SEC 4.159</b> ***	Х			
67.		Supports and Anchors 192.161(a) (a) thru (f) <b>***SEC 4.161</b> ***	Х			
		Compressor Stations		<u> </u>		
68.		Compressor stations: Design and construction. 192.163 (a) thru (e)			Х	
69.	480-93-180 (1)	Compressor stations: Liquid removal. 192.165 (a) & (b)			Х	
70.		Compressor stations: Emergency shutdown. 192.167 (a) thru (c)			Х	
71.		Compressor stations: Pressure limiting devices. 192.169 (a) & (b)			Х	
72.		Compressor stations: Additional safety equipment. 192.171 (a) thru (e)			Х	
73.	480-93-180 (1)	Compressor stations: Ventilation. 192.173			Х	
74.		Pipe-type and bottle-type holders. 192.175			Х	
75.		Additional provisions for bottle-type holders. 192.177			Х	
76.		Transmission line valves.192.179 (a) thru (d)			Х	
77.	480-93-180 (1)	Distribution line valves. 192.181(a) thru (c)			Х	
78.		Vaults: Structural design requirements 192.183 (a) thru (c)			Х	
79.		Vaults: Accessibility 192.185 (a) thru (c)			Х	
80.		Vaults: Sealing, venting, and ventilation. 192.187 (a) thru (c)			Х	
81.	490.02.190.(1)	Vaults: Drainage and waterproofing 192.189 (a) thru (c)			Х	
82.	480-93-180 (1)	Design pressure of plastic fittings 192.191 (a) & (b)			Х	
83.		Valve installation in plastic pipe. 192.193			Х	
84.		Protection against accidental over-pressuring 192.195 (a) & (b)			Х	
85.		Control of the pressure of gas delivered from high-pressure distribution systems. 192.197 (a) thru (c)			х	
86.	480-93-180 (1)	Except for rupture discs, each pressure relief or pressure limiting device must: 192.199 (a) thru (h)			Х	
87.		Required capacity of pressure relieving and limiting stations. 192.201(c)			Х	
88.		Instrument, Control, and Sampling Pipe and Components 192.203(a) & (b)			Х	

#### **Comments:**

63. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC. design and construction does not allow for passage of internal inspection devices O&M section 4.150.

68-84. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have compressor stations O&M section 4.163.

85-88. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

		SUBPART E – WELDING OF STEEL IN PIPELINES	S	U	N/A	N/C
W	AC 480-93-080 -	WELDER & PLASTIC JOINER IDENTIFICATION and QUALIFICATION	0	U	1 1/1 1	14/0
89.		Welding procedures must be qualified under Section 5 of API 1104 or Section IX of ASME Boiler and Pressure Code (2001 ed.) by destructive test. Amdt. 192-103 pub 06/09/06, eff. 07/10/06225(a) ***SEC 4.225***	Х			
<b>90.</b>		Retention of welding procedure – details and test .225(b) ***SEC 4.225***	Х			
91.	480-93-180(1)	Welders must be qualified by Section 6 of API 1104 (20 <sup>th</sup> edition 2007, including errata 2008) or Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code (2007 edition, July 1, 2007), except that a welder qualified under an earlier edition than currently listed in 192.7 may weld, but may not requalify under that earlier edition. (Amdt 192-114 Pub. 8/11/10 eff. 10/01/10). ***SEC 4.229***	х			
92.		Welders may be qualified under <b>section I of Appendix C</b> to weld on lines that operate at < <b>20% SMYS.</b> .227(b) <b>***SEC 4.229***</b>	Х			
		Oxyacetylene welders may qualify under 49 CFR § 192 Appendix C, but may only weld the following size pipe: 480-93-080(1)(a)	S	U	N/A	N/C
93.		<ul> <li>Nominal two-inch or smaller branch connections to nominal six-inch or smaller main or service pipe. 480-93-080(1)(a)(i) ***SEC 4.227(i)***</li> </ul>	Х			L
94.	480-93-180 (1)	<ul> <li>Nominal two-inch or smaller below ground butt welds 480-93-080(1)(a)(ii) ***SEC 4.227(ii)***</li> </ul>	Х			L
95.	490.02.190(1)	<ul> <li>Nominal four-inch or smaller above ground manifold and meter piping operating at 10 psig or less. 480-93-080(1)(a)(iii) ***SEC 4.227(iii)***</li> </ul>	Х			L
96.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>Appendix C Welders re-qualified 2/Yr (7.5Months) 480-93-080(1)(a)(iv) ***SEC 4.227(b)***</li> </ul>	Х			I
97.		Use of testing equipment to record and document essential variables 480-93-080(1)(b) (eff 6/02/05) ***SEC 4.227(1)(c)***	Х			
98.		Qualified written welding procedures must be located on-site where welding is being performed 480-93-080(1)(d) <b>***SEC 4.227(e)***</b>	Х			
99.		Identification and qualification cards/certificates w/name of welder/joiner, their qualifications, date of qualification and operator whose qualification procedures were followed. 480-93-080(3) (eff 6/02/05) ***SEC 4.227(3)***	Х			
100.		To weld on compressor station piping and components, a welder must successfully complete a destructive test .229(a) <b>***SEC 4.229(1)</b> ***	Х			
101.		Welder must have used welding process within the preceding <b>6 months</b> .229(b) <b>***SEC 4.229(2)</b> ***	Х			
102.		A welder qualified under .227(a)229(c)				
103.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>May not weld on pipe that operates at ≥ 20% SMYS unless within the preceding 6 calendar months the welder has had one weld tested and found acceptable under the sections 6 or 9 of API Standard 1104; may maintain an ongoing qualification status by performing welds tested and found acceptable at least twice per year, not exceeding 7½ months; may not requalify under an earlier referenced edition229(c)(1) ***SEC 4.229(4)***</li> </ul>	X			
104.		<ul> <li>May not weld on pipe that operates at &lt; 20% SMYS unless is tested in accordance with .229(c)(1) or re-qualifies under .229(d)(1) or (d)(2)229(c)(2) ***SEC 4.229(4)***</li> </ul>	Х			
		Welders qualified under .227(b) may not weld unless: .229(d)	S	U	N/A	N/C
105.		• Re-qualified within 1 year/15 months, or .229(d)(1) ***SEC 4.229(2)***	Х			
106.		<ul> <li>Within 7½ months but at least twice per year had a production weld pass a qualifying test .229(d)(2) ***SEC 4.227(1)(B)***</li> </ul>	Х			
107.		Welding operation must be protected from weather .231 ***SEC 4.231***	X			
108.	480-93-180(1)	Miter joints (consider pipe alignment) .233 ***SEC 4.233***	X			
<u>109.</u> 110.		Welding preparation and joint alignment .235 <b>***SEC 4.235***</b> Visual inspection must be conducted by an individual qualified by appropriate training and experience to ensure: .241(a) thru (c) <b>***SEC 4.241***</b>	X X			
111.		Nondestructive testing of welds must be performed by any process, other than trepanning, that	Х			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

	clearly indicates defects that may affect the integrity of the weld .243 (a) thru (f) <b>***SEC 4.243</b> ***			
112.	Repair or removal of defects.245 (a) thru (c) ***SEC 4.245***	Х		
	<ul> <li>Sleeve Repair – low hydrogen rod (Best Practices –ref. API 1104 App. B, In Service Welding)</li> </ul>			

**Comments:** 

		- JOINING OF PIPELINE MATERIALS OTHER THAN BY WELDING	S	U	N/A	N/C
W	AC 480-93-080 -	- WELDER & PLASTIC JOINER IDENTIFICATION and QUALIFICATION	5	U	1 1/11	1.4.0
113.		Joining of plastic pipe .281				
114.		A plastic pipe joint that is joined by solvent cement, adhesive, or heat fusion may not be disturbed until it has properly set. Plastic pipe may not be joined by a threaded joint or miter joint. 281(a)			х	
115.		Each solvent cement joint on plastic pipe must comply with the following: .281(b)			Х	
116.		• The mating surfaces of the joint must be clean, dry, and free of material which might be detrimental to the joint281(b)(1)			х	
117.		• The solvent cement must conform to ASTM Designation: D 2513281(b)(2)			Х	
118.		• The joint may not be heated to accelerate the setting of the cement281(b)(3)			Х	
119.		Each heat-fusion joint on plastic pipe must comply with the following: .281(c)				
120.		• A butt heat-fusion joint must be joined by a device that holds the heater element square to the ends of the piping, compresses the heated ends together, and holds the pipe in proper alignment while the plastic hardens281(c)(1)			х	
121.	480-93-180(1)	• A socket heat-fusion joint must be joined by a device that heats the mating surfaces of the joint uniformly and simultaneously to essentially the same temperature281(c)(2)			х	
122.	480-93-180(1)	• An electrofusion joint must be joined utilizing the equipment and techniques of the fittings manufacturer or equipment and techniques shown, by testing joints to the requirements of §192.283(a)(1)(iii), to be at least equivalent to those of the fittings manufacturer281(c)(3)			х	
123.		• Heat may not be applied with a torch or other open flame281(c)(4)			Х	
124.		Each adhesive joint on plastic pipe must comply with the following: .281(d)				
125.		• The adhesive must conform to ASTM Designation: D 2517281(d)(1)			Х	
126.		• The materials and adhesive must be compatible with each other281(d)(1)			Х	
127.		Each compression type mechanical joint on plastic pipe must comply with the following: .281(e)				
128.		• The gasket material in the coupling must be compatible with the plastic281(e)(1)			Х	
129.		• A rigid internal tubular stiffener, other than a split tubular stiffener, must be used in conjunction with the coupling281(e)(2)			х	
130.		Before any written procedure established under §192.273(b) is used for making plastic pipe joints by a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive method, the procedure must be qualified by subjecting specimen joints made according to the procedure to the following tests: .283(a)				
131.		The burst test requirements of $-283(a)(1)$				
132.		<ul> <li>Thermoplastic pipe: paragraph 6.6 (sustained pressure test) or paragraph 6.7 (Minimum Hydrostatic Burst Test) or paragraph 8.9 (Sustained Static pressure Test) of ASTM D2513 .283(a)(1)(i)</li> </ul>			x	
133.		Thermosetting plastic pipe: paragraph 8.5 (Minimum Hydrostatic Burst Pressure) or paragraph 8.9 (Sustained Static Pressure Test) of ASTM D2517; or .283(a)(1)(ii)			х	

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

134. 480-93-180(1)         • Electronics in things for polyethylene pipe and tubing: panagraph 9.1 (Minimum Pydraulic Burytersene Test), panagraph 9.2 (Minimud Pressure Test), panagraph 9.3 (Tenniels Strength Test), or panagraph 9.4 (Minimug Press), and ASIM Designation FURSS				 ,,
sections joined aright angles according to the procedure on the latent pipe unit <sup>1</sup> for use; and283(a)(2)         x           136.         Approxedures intended for non-latent pipe connections, follow the tensile test requirements of ASTM DG8s, except that the test may be conduced at ambient temperature and humidity If the specience on genetics to less than 25 percent or failure initiases outside the joint area, the procedure qualifies for use283(a)(3)         x           137.         Before any written procedure setublished under §102:273(b) is used for making mechanics. .283(b)(1)         x         x           138.         Velocity of the specimen joints made according to the procedure to the following tensile test: .283(b)(1)         x         x           140.         • Use an apparatus for the test as specified in ASTM D 638 (except for conditioning). .283(b)(1)         x         x           141.         • The specimen must be of such length that the distance between the grips of the .283(b)(3)         x         x           142.         • The specimen sizes that a linches (102 mm) in diameter are qualified if the pipe yields to an elongation of no less than 25 percent. .283(b)(3)         x         x           144.         • Pipe specimens is est that a functer (102 mm) in diameter are qualified if the pipe yields to a elongation of no less than 25 percent. .283(b)(6)         x         x           144.         • Pipe specimens is est that a the grips must be restend using new pipe283(b)(0)         x         x           143.	134.	480-93-180(1)	Hydraulic Burst Pressure Test), paragraph 9.2 (Sustained Pressure Test), paragraph 9.3 (Tensile Strength Test), or paragraph 9.4 (Joint Integrity Tests) of ASTM Designation F1055283(a)(1)(iii)	х
ASTM De38, except that the test may be conducted at ambient temperature and huminity if the spin elongators to less that 25 percent or failure initiates outside the joint area, the procedure guilifies for use283(µ(3))         X           137.         Before any writer procedure established under §12.273(µ) is used for making mechanical plastic pipe joints that are designed to withstand tensile forces, the procedure must be qualified by subjecting five specimen joints made according to the procedure to the following tensile test:			sections joined at right angles according to the procedure to a force on the lateral pipe until failure occurs in the specimen. If failure initiates outside the joint area, the procedure qualifies for use; and, $.283(a)(2)$	x
138.         Plastic pipe joints that are designed to withstand tensile forces, the procedure must be qualified in set of the set of the following tensile test: 283(b): 283(b			ASTM D638, except that the test may be conducted at ambient temperature and humidity If the specimen elongates no less than 25 percent or failure initiates outside the joint area, the procedure qualifies for use283(a)(3)	x
139.       283(b)(1)       • The specimen must be of such length that the distance between the grips of the apparatus and the end of the stiffener does not affect the joint strength. 283(b)(2)       ×         140.       • The specimen must be of such length that the distance between the grips of the apparatus and the end of the stiffener does not affect the joint strength. 283(b)(2)       ×         141.       • The specimen less than 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter are qualified if the pipe yields to an elongation of no less than 25 percent or failure initiates outside the joint area. 283(b)(4)       ×         142.       • Pipe specimens less than 4 inches (102 mm) and larger in diameter shall be pulled until the pipe is subjected to a tensile stress equal to or greater than the maximum thrmal stress that would be produced by a temperature change of 100° (138° C) or until the pipe is pulled from the fitting. If the pipe pulls from the fitting, the lowest value of the five test results or the mannfacturer's rating, whichever is lower must be used in the doesign calculations for stress. 283(b)(5)       ×         143.       • Each specimen that fails at the grips must be retested using new pipe. 283(b)(6)       ×       ×         144.       • Results pertain only to the specific outside diameter, and material of the pipe tested, except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same material but with a lesser wall thickness. 283(b)(7)       ×       ×         145.       A copy of each written procedure big. 283(c)       ×       ×       ×         146.       persons maxing and inspecting joints283(c) <td>137.</td> <td></td> <td>plastic pipe joints that are designed to withstand tensile forces, the procedure must be qualified by subjecting five specimen joints made according to the procedure to the following tensile test:</td> <td></td>	137.		plastic pipe joints that are designed to withstand tensile forces, the procedure must be qualified by subjecting five specimen joints made according to the procedure to the following tensile test:	
480-93-180(1)         apparatus and the end of the stiffener does not affect the joint strength. 283(b)(2)         X           140.         • The speed of testing is 0.20 in. (5.0 mm) per minute, plus or minus 25 percent. .283(b)(3)         X           141.         • Pipe specimens less than 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter are qualified if the pipe yields to an elongation of no less than 25 percent of ailure initiates outside the joint area. .283(b)(4)         X           142.         • Pipe specimens less than 25 percent or failure initiates outside the joint area. .283(b)(4)         X           143.         • Pipe specimens 4 inches (102 mm) and larger in diameter shall be pulled until the pipe is subjected to a tensile stress equal to or greater than the maximum thermal stress that would be produced by a temperature change of 100° F (38° C) or until the pipe is pulled from the fitting. If the pipe yills from the fitting, the lowest value of the five test results or the manufacturer's rating, whichever is lower must be used in the design calculations for stress283(b)(6)         X           144.         • Results pertain only to the specific outside diameter, and material of the pipe tested, except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same material but with a lesser wall thickness283(b)(7)         X           145.         A copy of each written procedure being used for joining plastic pipe must be available to the persons making and inspecting joints283(c)         X           146.         Pipe of fittings manufactured before July 1, 1980, may be used in accordance with procedures tha passes the inspection and test st forth in paragraph	138.			Х
140.       • The speed of testing is 0.20 in. (5.0 mm) per minute, plus or minus 25 percent. .283(b)(3)       X         141.       • Pipe specimens less than 4 inches (102 mm) in diameter are qualified if the pipe yields to an elongation of no less than 25 percent or failure initiates outside the joint area. .283(b)(4)       X         142.       • Pipe specimens 4 inches (102 mm) and larger in diameter shall be pulled until the pipe is subjected to a tensile stress equal to or greater than the maximum thermal stress that would be produced by a temperature change of 100° F (38° C) or until the pipe is pulled from the fitting. If the pipe pulls from the fitting, the lowest value of the five test results or the manufacturer's rating, whichever is lower must be used in the design calculations for stress283(b)(5)       X         144.       • Results pertain only to the specific outside diameter, and material of the pipe tested, except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same material but with a lesser wall thickness283(b)(7)       X         145.       A copy of each written procedure being used for joining plastic pipe must be available to the persons making and inspectring joints283(c)       X         146.       Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedures that that the manufacturer's experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)       X         147.       • Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure that applicable joining procedure by: .285(b)       X         148.       • Making a specimen joint from pipe sections joined according to the procedure that apaplicable joining procedure	139.	480-93-180(1)		х
142.         143.         144.         145.         145.         146.         146.         147.         147.           143.         144.         145.         146.         146.         146.         147.         147.         147.         147.         147.         148.         147.         148.         149.         14	140.	400 95 100(1)		х
143.       • Each specime notifies specify of the pipe pulls from the fitting. If the pipe pulls from the pipe is solution for stress283(b)(5)       ×         143.       • Each specimen that fails at the grips must be retested using new pipe283(b)(6)       ×       ×         144.       • Results pertain only to the specific outside diameter, and material of the pipe tested, except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same material but with a lesser wall thickness283(b)(7)       ×       ×         145.       • A copy of each written procedure being used for joining plastic pipe must be available to the persons making and inspecting joints283(c)       ×       ×         146.       Pipe or fittings manufacturer certifies will produce a joint as strong as the pipe283(d)       ×       ×         147.       No person may make a plastic pipe joint unless that person has been qualified under the applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)       ×       ×         148.       • Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(2)       ×       ×         148.       • Appropriate training or experience i	141.		to an elongation of no less than 25 percent or failure initiates outside the joint area.	Х
144.       • Results pertain only to the specific outside diameter, and material of the pipe tested, except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same material but with a lesser wall thickness283(b)(7)       X         145.       A copy of each written procedure being used for joining plastic pipe must be available to the persons making and inspecting joints283(c)       X         146.       Pipe or fittings manufactured before July 1, 1980, may be used in accordance with procedures that the manufacturer certifies will produce a joint as strong as the pipe283(d)       X         147.       No person may make a plastic pipe joint unless that person has been qualified under the applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)       X         148.       • Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)       X       X         148.       • Making a specimen joint from pipe sections joined according to the procedure that passes the inspection and test set forth in paragraph (b) of this section285(a)(2)       X       X         148.       • Making a specimen joint photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X       X         150.       The specimen joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)       X       X         151.       • Making a specime of the test methods listed under & 192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X       X         152.       Isthe case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or	142.		subjected to a tensile stress equal to or greater than the maximum thermal stress that would be produced by a temperature change of 100° F (38° C) or until the pipe is pulled from the fitting. If the pipe pulls from the fitting, the lowest value of the five test results or the manufacturer's rating, whichever is lower must be used in the design	x
480-93-180(1)       except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same material but with a lesser wall thickness283(b)(7)       X         145.       A copy of each written procedure being used for joining plastic pipe must be available to the persons making and inspecting joints283(c)       X       X         146.       Pipe or fittings manufactured before July 1, 1980, may be used in accordance with procedures that the manufacturer certifies will produce a joint as strong as the pipe283(d)       X       X         147.       No person may make a plastic pipe joint unless that person has been qualified under the applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)       X       X         148.       • Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)       X       X         149.       • Making a specimen joint from pipe sections joined according to the procedure that passes the inspection and test set forth in paragraph (b) of this section285(a)(2)       X       X         150.       The specimen joint must be: .285(b)       X       X       X         151.       • Naking a specimen joint probographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(2)       X       X         152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X       X         153.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X       X	143.		• Each specimen that fails at the grips must be retested using new pipe283(b)(6)	Х
146.       persons making and inspecting joints283(c)       A         146.       Pipe or fittings manufactured before July 1, 1980, may be used in accordance with procedures that the manufacturer certifies will produce a joint as strong as the pipe283(d)       X         147.       No person may make a plastic pipe joint unless that person has been qualified under the applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)       X         148.       • Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)       X         149.       • Making a specimen joint from pipe sections joined according to the procedure that passes the inspection and test set forth in paragraph (b) of this section285(a)(2)       X         150.       The specimen joint must be: .285(b)       X         151.       • Visually examined during and after assembly or joining and found to have the same appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X         152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X         153.       Tested under any one of the test methods listed under §192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X         154.       Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(ii)       X	144.		except that testing of a heavier wall pipe may be used to qualify pipe of the same	х
147.       that the manufacturer certifies will produce a joint as strong as the pipe283(d)       X         147.       No person may make a plastic pipe joint unless that person has been qualified under the applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)       X         148.       • Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)       X         149.       • Making a specimen joint from pipe sections joined according to the procedure that passes the inspection and test set forth in paragraph (b) of this section285(a)(2)       X         150.       151.       • Visually examined during and after assembly or joining and found to have the same appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X         152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X         153.       Tested under any one of the test methods listed under §192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X         154.       Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(i)       X	145.			X
148.       applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)       Image: Constraints of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)       Image: Constraints of the procedure; and .285(a)(2)       Image: Constraints of the procedure; and .285(b)(2)       Image: Constraints of the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       Image: Constraints of the procedure; and .285(b)(2)       Image: Constraints of the procedure; and constraints of the pro	146.		that the manufacturer certifies will produce a joint as strong as the pipe283(d)	Х
149.       • Making a specimen joint from pipe sections joined according to the procedure that passes the inspection and test set forth in paragraph (b) of this section285(a)(2)       X         150.       • Visually examined during and after assembly or joining and found to have the same appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X         151.       • Visually examined during and after assembly or joining and found to have the same appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X         152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X         153.       • Tested under any one of the test methods listed under §192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X         154.       • Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(ii)       X	147.		No person may make a plastic pipe joint unless that person has been qualified under the applicable joining procedure by: .285(a)	
150.       151.       The specimen joint must be: .285(b)       Image: X mark the specimen joint must b			• Appropriate training or experience in the use of the procedure; and .285(a)(1)	Х
151.       480-93-180(1)       • Visually examined during and after assembly or joining and found to have the same appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X         152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X         153.       Tested under any one of the test methods listed under §192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X         154.       Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(ii)       X			passes the inspection and test set forth in paragraph (b) of this section285(a)(2)	Х
480-93-180(1)       appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure; and .285(b)(1)       X         152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X         153.       Tested under any one of the test methods listed under §192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X         154.       Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(ii)       X				
152.       • In the case of a heat fusion, solvent cement, or adhesive joint; .285(b)(2)       X         153.       Tested under any one of the test methods listed under §192.283(a) applicable to the type of joint and material being tested; .285(b)(2)(i)       X         154.       Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(ii)       X	151.	480-93-180(1)	appearance as a joint or photographs of a joint that is acceptable under the procedure;	X
154.     Image: A state of the	152.			X
154.     Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause failure; or .285(b)(2)(ii)     X	153.			X
155.       Cut into at least three longitudinal straps, each of which is: .285(b)(2)(iii)       X	154.		Examined by ultrasonic inspection and found not to contain flaws that may cause	X
	155.		Cut into at least three longitudinal straps, each of which is: .285(b)(2)(iii)	Х

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

156.	480-93-180(1)	Visually examined and found not to contain voids or discontinuities on the cut surfaces of the joint area; and .285(b)(2)(iii)(A)		Х	
157.		Deformed by bending, torque, or impact, and if failure occurs, it must not initiate in the joint area285(b)(2)(iii)(B)		Х	
158.		A person must be requalified under an applicable procedure, if during any 12-month period that person: .285(c)			
159.		• Does not make any joints under that procedure; or .285(c)(1)		Х	
160.	480-93-180(1)	• Has 3 joints or 3 percent of the joints made, whichever is greater, under that procedure that are found unacceptable by testing under \$192.513285(c)(2)		Х	
161.		Each operator shall establish a method to determine that each person making joints in plastic pipelines in the operator's system is qualified in accordance with this section285(d)		Х	
		Plastic pipe joiners re-qualified 1/Yr (15 Months) 480-93-080 (2)			
162.		• Qualified written plastic joining procedures must be located on-site where plastic joining is being performed. 480-93-080(2)(a)		Х	
163.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>Plastic pipe joiners re-qualified if no production joints made during any 12 month period 480-93-080(2)(b) (eff 6/02/05)</li> </ul>		Х	
164.		<ul> <li>Tracking production joints or re-qualify joiners 1/Yr (12Months) 480-93-080(2)(c) (eff 6/02/05)</li> </ul>		Х	
165.	480-93-180(1) / 192.273(b)	No person may carry out the inspection of joints in plastic pipes required by §§192.273(c) and 192.285(b) unless that person has been qualified by appropriate training or experience in evaluating the acceptability of plastic pipe joints made under the applicable joining procedure287		х	

### **Comments:**

113-165. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use plastic pipe, O&M section 4.121.

SU	UBPART G – CO	<b>DNSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS for TRANSMISSION LINES and MAINS</b>	S	U	N/A	N/C
166.		Compliance with specifications or standards. 192.303 ***SEC 4.303***	Х			
167.		Inspection of each transmission line and main during construction 192.305 ***SEC 4.305***	Х			
168.		Inspection of materials 192.307 ***SEC 4.307***	Х			
169.		Repair of steel pipe 192.309 (a) thru (e) ***SEC 4.309***	Х			
170.	480-93-180(1)	Repair of plastic pipe. 192.311			Х	
171.		Bends and elbows. 192.313 (a) thru (c) ***SEC 4.313***	Х			
172.		Wrinkle bends in steel pipe. 192.315 (a) & (b)			Х	
173.		Protection from hazards 192.317 (a) thru (c) ***SEC 4.317***	Х			
174.		Installation of Pipe in a ditch 192.319 (a) thru (c) ***SEC 4.319***	Х			
175.		Installation of plastic pipe. 192.321 (a) thru (h)			Х	
		480-93-178 WAC	S	U	N/A	N/C
		PROTECTION OF PLASTIC PIPE	d	U	I V/A	
176.		Procedures for the storage, handling, and installation of plastic pipelines in accordance with the latest applicable manufacturer's recommended practices. 480-93-178(1)			х	
177.		Stated acceptable time limit for maximum cumulative ultraviolet light exposure 480-93-178 (2)			Х	
178.		Separation requirements when installing plastic pipelines parallel to other underground utilities 480-93-178 (4)			X	
179.	480-93-180(1)	Separation requirements when installing plastic pipelines perpendicular to other underground utilities 480-93-178 (5)			Х	
180.		Casings 192.323 (a) thru (d) ***SEC 4.323***	Х			
181.		Casing of pipelines. 480-93-115 (1) thru (4) ***SEC 4.323***	Х			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

182.	Underground clearance. 192.325 (a) thru (d). ***SEC 4.325***	Х		
183.	Cover. 192.327 (a) thru (g) *** <b>SEC 4.327</b> ***	Х		

#### **Comments:**

170, 172, 175-179. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use plastic pipe, O&M section 4.121.

		SUBPART H - CUSTOMER METERS, SERVICE REGULATORS, and SERVICE LINES				
			S	U	N/A	N/C
184.		Meters and service regulators installed at locations as prescribed under 192.353 (a) thru (d)			Х	
185.	480-93-180 (1)	Service regulator vents and relief vents installed and protected from damage. Vaults housing meters and regulators protected from loading due to vehicular traffic. 192.355 (a) thru (c)			х	
186.	480-93-180 (1)	Meters and regulators installed to minimize stresses and insure that potential releases vent to outside atmosphere. 192.357 (a) thru (d)			x	
		480-93-140 WAC SERVICE REGULATORS	S	U	N/A	N/C
187.	480-93-180 (1)	Procedures for installing, operating, and maintaining service regulators in accordance with federal and state regulations, and manufacturer's recommended installation and maintenance practices. 480-93-140(1)			x	
188.		Procedures for inspecting and testing service regulators and associated safety devices during the initial turn-on, and when a customer experiences a pressure problem. Testing must include 480-93-140(2)			х	
189.		Minimum service line installation requirements as prescribed under 192.361 (a) thru (g)			Х	
190.		Location of service-line valves as prescribed under 192.365 (a) thru (c)			Х	
191.	480-93-180 (1)	General requirements for locations of service-line connections to mains and use of compression fittings 192.367 (a) thru (b)(2)			Х	
192.		Connections of service lines to cast iron or ductile iron mains. 192.369 (a) thru (b)			Х	
193.		Provisions for new service lines not in use 192.379 (a) thru (c)			Х	
194.		EFV performance requirements §192.381 (a) thru (e)			Х	
195.		Excess flow valves, does the program must meet the requirements outlined in \$192.38?			Х	
196.		Customer notification in accordance with §192.383.			Х	

**Comments:** 

184-196. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

		SUBPART I - CORROSION CONTROL	S	U	N/A	N/C
197.	480-93-180(1)	Corrosion procedures established for the Design, Operations, Installation & Maintenance of CP systems, carried out by, or under the direction of, a person qualified in pipeline corrosion control methods .453 ***SEC 4.455 (2)***	x			
198.	480-93-180(1)	For pipelines installed <b>after July 31, 1971</b> , buried segments must be externally coated and .455 (a) cathodically protected within <b>one year</b> after construction (see exceptions in code) .455 (b) <b>***SEC 4.455 (2)***</b>	Х			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

		SUBPART I - CORROSION CONTROL	S	U	N/A	N/C
199.	480-93-180(1)	Aluminum may not be installed in a buried or submerged pipeline if exposed to an environment with a natural <b>pH in excess of 8</b> (see exceptions in code) .455 (c)			x	
200.	480-93-180(1)	Adequate guidance included for the installation of aluminum in a submerged or buried pipeline? .455(e)			X	
201.	480-93-180(1)	All effectively coated steel transmission pipelines installed prior to <b>August 1, 1971</b> , must be cathodically protected .457 (a)			X	
202.		If installed <b>before August 1, 1971</b> , cathodic protection must be provided in areas of active corrosion for: bare or ineffectively coated transmission lines, and bare or coated c/s, regulator sta., meter sta. piping, and (except for cast iron or ductile iron) bare or coated distribution lines457 (b)			x	
203.		Written procedures explaining how cathodic protection related surveys, reads, and tests will be conducted. 480-93-110(4) <b>***SEC 5.13***</b>	Х			
204.		Examination of buried pipeline when exposed: if corrosion is found, further investigation is required .459 ***SEC 4.459/5.12***	Х			
205.		Recording the condition of all underground metallic facilities each time the facilities are exposed. 480-93-110(6) ***SEC 4.459***	Х			
206.		CP test reading on all exposed facilities where coating has been removed 480-93-110(8) (eff 6/02/05) ***SEC 4.459***	Х			
207.	480-93-180(1)	Procedures must address the protective coating requirements of the regulations. External coating on the steel pipe must meet the requirements of this part461	S	U	N/A	N/C
208.		Cathodic protection level according to Appendix D criteria .463 ***SEC 4.463***	Х			
209.		Pipe-to-soil monitoring (1 per yr/15 months) .465(a) ***SEC 4.465/5.13***	Х			
210.		Rectifier monitoring (6 per yr/2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> months) .465(b) ***SEC 5.09***	Х			
211.		Interference bond monitoring (as required) .465(c)			Х	
212.		Remedial action taken within 90 days (Up to 30 additional days if other circumstances. Must document) 480-93-110(2) ***SEC 5.13***	Х			
213.	480-93-180(1)	Electrical surveys (closely spaced pipe to soil) on bare/unprotected lines, cathodically protect active corrosion areas ( <b>1 per 3 years/39 months</b> ) .465(e) <b>***SEC 4.465/5.11</b> ***	Х			
214.		Electrical Isolation .467(a-e) ****SEC 4.467***	Х			
215.		Sufficient test stations to determine CP adequacy .469 ***SEC 4.469***	Х			
216.		Test lead maintenance .471 ***SEC 4.471***	Х			
217.		Interference currents .473 ***SEC 4.473***	Х			
218.		Proper procedures for transporting corrosive gas? .475(a)			X	
219.		Written program to monitor for indications of internal corrosion. The program must also have remedial action requirements for areas where internal corrosion is detected. 480-93-110(7) (eff 6/02/05) ***SEC 4.475***	Х			
220.		Removed pipe must be inspected for internal corrosion. If found, the adjacent pipe must be inspected to determine extent. Certain pipe must be replaced. Steps must be taken to minimize internal corrosion475(b) ***SEC 4.475***	Х			
221.		Systems to reduce internal corrosion Amdt 192- (no number) Pub. 4/23/07, eff. 5/23/07 (a) New construction .476 ***SEC 4.476***	Х			
222.		(b) Exceptions – offshore pipeline and systems replaced before 5/23/07			Х	
223.		(c) Evaluate impact of configuration changes to exisiting systems <b>***SEC 4.476***</b>	Х			
224.	480-93-180(1)	Internal corrosion control coupon (or other suit. Means) monitoring (2 per yr/7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> months) .477			x	
225.		Each exposed pipe must be cleaned and coated (see exceptions under .479(c)) .479(a) ***SEC 4.479***	Х			
226.		Offshore splash zones and soil-to-air interfaces must be coated			Х	
227.		• Coating material must be suitable .479(b) ***SEC 4.479***	Х			
228.		Coating is not required where operator has proven that corrosion will: .479(c)				

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		SUBPART I - CORROSION CONTROL	S	U	N/A	N/C
229.		1. Only be a light surface oxide, or .479(c)(1) ***SEC 4.479***	Х			
230.		<ol> <li>Not affect safe operation before next scheduled inspection .479(c)(2)</li> <li>***SEC 4.479***</li> </ol>	Х			
231.		Written atmospheric corrosion control monitoring program. The program must have time frames for completing remedial action. 480-93-110(9) (eff 6/02/05) ***SEC 4.485***	Х			
232.		Atmospheric corrosion control monitoring (1 per 3 yrs/39 months onshore; 1 per yr/15 months offshore) .481(a) ***SEC 4.481***	Х			
233.		Special attention required at soil/air interfaces, thermal insulation, under dis-bonded coating, pipe supports, splash zones, deck penetrations, spans over water .481(b) ***SEC 4.481***	Х			
234.		Protection must be provided if atmospheric corrosion is found ( <b>per §192.479</b> ) .481(c) <b>***SEC</b> <b>4.481</b> ***	Х			
235.		Replacement and required pipe must be coated and cathodically protected (see code for exceptions) .483 ****SEC 4.485***	Х			
236.	480-93-180(1)	Procedures to replace pipe or reduce the <b>MAOP</b> if general corrosion has reduced the wall thickness? .485(a) <b>***SEC 4.485***</b>	Х			
237.		Procedures to replace/repair pipe or reduce <b>MAOP</b> if localized corrosion has reduced wall thickness (unless reliable engineering repair method exists)? .485(b) <b>***SEC 4.485***</b>	Х			
238.		Procedures to use <b>Rstreng</b> or <b>B-31G</b> to determine remaining wall strength? .485(c) ***SEC 4.485***	Х			
239.		Remedial measures (distribution lines other than cast iron or ductile iron) .487			Х	
240.		Remedial measures (cast iron and ductile iron pipelines) .489			Х	
241.		Records retained for <u>each</u> cathodic protection test, survey, or inspection required by 49 CFR Subpart I, and chapter 480-93 WAC. 480-93-110 <b>***SEC 4.517</b> ***	Х			
242.		Corrosion control maps and record retention ( <b>pipeline service life or 5 yrs</b> ) .491 <b>***SEC</b> 4.517***	Х			
		WAC 480-93-110 Corrosion Requirements	S	U	N/A	N/C
243.		Casings inspected/tested annually not to exceed <b>fifteen months</b> 480-93-110(5)			Х	
244.	400.00.100/1	Casings w/no test leads installed prior to 9/05/1992. Demonstrate other acceptable test methods 480-93-110(5)(a)			х	
245.	480-93-180(1)	Possible shorted conditions – Perform confirmatory follow-up inspection within <b>90</b> days 480- 93-110(5)(b)			х	
246.		Casing shorts cleared when practical 480-93-110(5)(c)			Х	
247.	480-93-180(1)	Shorted conditions leak surveyed within 90 days of discovery. Twice annually/7.5 months 480-93-110(5)(d)			х	
248.		CP Test Equipment and Instruments checked for accuracy/intervals (Mfct Rec or Opr Sched) 480-93-110(3) ***SEC 5.13***	Х			

**Comments:** 

- 199-200. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have Aluminium pipe see O&M section 4.455(3).
- 201-202. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC pipeline was constructed in 2000.
- 211. Lamb Weston BSW, LLC does not have any interference bonds.
- 218. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not transport corrosive gas see O&M section 4.475.
- 222, 226. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not operate offshore.
- 224. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have coupons.
- 239. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.
- 240. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have cast or ductile iron pipes.
- 243-248. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have casings in their system.

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

		SUBPART J – TEST REQUIREMENTS	S	U	N/A	N/C
249.		Procedures to ensure that the provisions found under 192.503(a) thru (d) for new segments of pipeline, or Return to Service segments of pipeline which have been relocated or replaced are met. <b>***SEC 4.507***</b>	Х			
250.		Strength test requirements for steel pipeline to operate at a hoop stress of 30 percent or more of SMYS. 192.505 (a) thru (e) <b>***SEC 4.507(f)***</b>	Х			
251.	480-93-180(1)	Test requirements for pipelines to operate at a hoop stress less than 30 percent of SMYS and at or above 100 psig. 192.507 (a) thru (c) <b>***SEC 4.507</b> (g) <b>***</b>	Х			
252.		Test requirements for pipelines to operate below 100 psig. 192.509 (a) & (b) ***SEC 4.507***	Х			
253.		Test requirements for service lines. 192.511 (a) thru (c)			Х	
254.		Test requirements for plastic pipelines. 192.513 (a) thru (d)			Х	
255.		Environmental protection and safety requirements. 192.515 (a) & (b) ***SEC 4.515***	Х			
256.		Records 192.517 Refer also to 480-93-170 (7) (a-h) below. ***SEC 4.517***	Х			

**Comments:** 

253-254. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use plastic pipe, O&M section 4.121.

		WAC 480-93-170 PRESSURE TEST PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
257.		Notification in writing, to the commission, at least two business days prior to any pressure test of a gas pipeline that will have a MAOP that produces a hoop stress of twenty percent or more of the SMYS 480-93-170(1) ***4.507(a)***	X			
258.		<ul> <li>In Class 3 or Class 4 locations, as defined in 49 CFR § 192.5, or within one hundred yards of a building, must be at least eight hours in duration. 480-93-170(1)(a) ***4.507(a)***</li> </ul>	X			
259.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>When the test medium is to be a gas or compressible fluid, each operator must notify the appropriate public officials so that adequate public protection can be provided for during the test. 480-93-170(1)(b) ***4.507(a)***</li> </ul>	Х			
260.		<ul> <li>In an emergency situation where it is necessary to maintain continuity of service, the requirements of subsection (1) of this section and subsection (1)(a) may be waived by notifying the commission by telephone prior to performing the test. 480-93-170(1)(c) ***4.507(a)***</li> </ul>	х			
261.		Minimum test pressure for any steel service line or main, must be determined by multiplying the intended MAOP by a factor determined in accordance with the table located in 49 CFR § 192.619 (a)(2)(ii). 480-93-170(2)			х	
262.		Re-testing of service lines broken, pulled, or damaged, resulting in the interruption of gas supply to the customer, must be pressure tested from the point of damage to the service termination valve prior to being placed back into service. 480-93-170(4)			х	
263.		Maintain records of all pressure tests performed for the life of the pipeline and document information as listed under 480-93-170(7) (a-h). <b>***SEC 4.507(c)***</b>	х			
264.	480-93-180(1)	Maintain records of each test where multiple pressure tests are performed on a single installation. 480-93-170(9) <b>***SEC 4.507(d) ***</b>	х			
265.	-	Pressure testing equipment must be maintained, tested for accuracy, or calibrated, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.480-93-170(10) <b>***SEC 4.507(e)***</b>	х			
266.		• When there are no manufacturer's recommendations, then tested at an appropriate schedule determined by the operator. <b>***SEC 4.507(e)</b> ***	Х			
267.		<ul> <li>Test equipment must be tagged with the calibration or accuracy check expiration date.</li> <li>***SEC 4.507(e)***</li> </ul>	Х			

**Comments:** 

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

261-262. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

		SUBPART K - UPRATING				
		Provisions for meeting the minimum requirements for increasing maximum allowable operating pressure (uprating) for pipelines.	S	U	N/A	N/C
268.		General requirements. 192.553 (a) thru (d)			Х	
269.	480-93-180(1)	Uprating to a pressure that will produce a hoop stress of <b>30 % or more</b> of SMYS in steel pipelines. 192.555 (a) thru (e)			х	
270.		Uprating: Steel pipelines to a pressure that will produce a hoop stress <b>less than 30 %</b> of SMYS: (plastic, iron, and ductile iron pipelines.) 192.557 (a) thru (d)			X	
		WAC 480-93-155 - UPRATING				1
271.		Notification of uprate and submission of written plan 480-93-155 (1)			Х	
272.	480-93-180(1)	Content of written plan 480-93-155 (1) (a) thru (j)			Х	
273.		Uprates must be based on a previous or current pressure test that will substantiate the intended MAOP. 480-93-155 (2)			х	

### **Comments:**

268-273. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not uprate their pipeline. O&M Section 4.553.

		SUBPART L - OPERATIONS	S	U	N/A	N/C
274.	480-93-180(1)/	Procedural Manual Review – Operations and Maintenance ( <b>1 per yr/15 months</b> ) 192.605(a) <b>Note:</b> Including review of OQ procedures as suggested by PHMSA - ADB-09-03 dated 2/7/09 <b>***SEC 5.14***</b>	Х			
275.	192.605(a)	Availability of construction records, maps, operating history to operating personnel 192.605(b)(3) ***SEC 23.0***	Х			
276.		Start up and shut down of the pipeline to assure operation within <b>MAOP</b> plus allowable buildup 192.605(b)(5) <b>***SEC 21.0***</b>	Х			
277.		Periodic review of personnel work – effectiveness of normal O&M procedures 192.605(b)(8) ***SEC 18.0/OQ MANUAL***	Х			
278.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605(a)	Taking adequate precautions in excavated trenches to protect personnel from the hazards of unsafe accumulations of vapors or gas, and making available when needed at the excavation, emergency rescue equipment, including a breathing apparatus and a rescue harness and line 192.605(b)(9) <b>***SEC 7.05.01</b> ***	X			
279.		Routine inspection and testing of pipe-type or bottle-type holders 192.605(b)(10)			Х	
280.		Responding promptly to a report of a gas odor inside or near a building, unless the operator's emergency procedures under §192.615(a)(3) specifically apply to these reports. 192.605(b)(11) <b>***SEC 8.05-8.09***</b>	Х			
281.		Implementing the applicable control room management procedures required by 192.631. (Amdt. 192- 112, 74 FR 63310, December 3, 2009, eff. 2/1/2010)605(b)(12)			Х	

**Comments:** 

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

279. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC has no pipe-type or bottle-type holders. O&M section 5.15. 281. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have a control room.

		SUBPART L – OPERATIONS ABNORMAL OPERATING PROCEDURES – TRANSMISSION LINES		-	_	
		Procedures for responding to, investigating, and correcting the cause of: 192.605(c)(1)	S	U	N/A	N/C
282.		• Unintended closure of valves or shut downs 192.605(c)(1)(i) ***SEC 9.0***	Х			
283.		<ul> <li>Increase or decrease in pressure or flow rate outside of normal operating limits 192.605(c)(1)(ii) ***SEC 9.0***</li> </ul>	Х			
284.		<ul> <li>Loss of communications 192.605(c)(1)(iii) ***SEC 9.0***</li> </ul>	Х			
285.	480-93-180(1)/	• The operation of any safety device 192.605(c)(1)(iv) ***SEC 9.0***	Х			
286.	192.605(a)	<ul> <li>Malfunction of a component, deviation from normal operations or personnel error 192.605(c)(1)(v) ***SEC 9.0***</li> </ul>	Х			
287.	-	Checking variations from normal operation after abnormal operations ended at sufficient critical locations 192.605(c)(2) <b>***SEC 9.0</b> ***	Х			
288.		Notifying the responsible operating personnel when notice of an abnormal operation is received 192.605(c)(3) <b>***SEC 9.0***</b>	Х			
289.		Periodic review of personnel work – effectiveness of abnormal operation procedures 192.605(c)(4) ***SEC 9.0***	Х			

**Comments:** 

	SUB	<b>BPART – L CHANGE in CLASS LOCATION PROCEDURES</b>	S	U	N/A	N/C
290.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605(a)	Class location study - Does the process include a requirement that the operator conduct a study whenever an increase in population density indicates a change in the class location of a pipeline segment operating at a hoop stress that is more than 40% SMYS? 192.609 (a-f) <b>***SEC 6.0</b> (a)***	х			
291.		Confirmation or revision of MAOP - Does the process include a requirement that the MAOP of a pipeline segment be confirmed or revised within 24 months whenever the hoop stress corresponding to the established MAOP is determined not to be commensurate with the existing class location? 192.611 Final Rule Pub. 10/17/08, eff. 12/22/08. ***SEC 6.0(b)***	Х			

		SUBPART – L CONTINUING SURVEILLANCE PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
292.	192.613	Procedures for surveillance and required actions relating to change in class location, failures, leakage history, corrosion, substantial changes in <b>CP</b> requirements, and unusual operating and maintenance conditions 192.613(a) <b>***SEC 6.0</b> ***	х			
293.	192.613	Procedures requiring <b>MAOP</b> to be reduced, or other actions to be taken, if a segment of pipeline is in unsatisfactory condition 192.613(b) <b>***SEC 6.0***</b>	Х			

	SUBPART – L DAMAGE PREVENTION PROGRAM PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
294.	Participation in a qualified one-call program, or if available, a company program that complies with the following: ***SEC 7.0***	X			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

295.		Identify persons who engage in excavating .614(c)(1) ***SEC 7.01***	X			
296.		Provide notification to the public in the One Call area .614(c) (2) ***SEC 7.03***	Х			
297.	480-93-180(1)/	Provide means for receiving and recording notifications of pending excavations .614(c) (3) ***SEC 7.03.1***	Х			
298.	192.605(a)	Provide notification of pending excavations to the members .614(c) (4) ***SEC 7.03.1***	Х			
299.		Provide means of temporary marking for the pipeline in the vicinity of the excavations .614(c) (5) <b>***SEC 7.03.2***</b>	х			
300.		<ul> <li>Provides for follow-up inspection of the pipeline where there is reason to believe the pipeline could be damaged .614(c) (6)</li> <li>1. Is the inspection done as frequently as necessary during and after the activities to verify the integrity of the pipeline?</li> <li>2. In the case of blasting, does the inspection include leakage surveys? ***SEC 7.04***</li> </ul>	X			
301.		Damage Prevention (Operator Internal Performance Measures)	S	U	N/A	N/C
302.		Does the operator have a quality assurance program in place for monitoring the locating and marking of facilities? Do operators conduct regular field audits of the performance of locators/contractors and take action when necessary? (CGA Best Practices v. 6.0, Best Practice 4-18. Recommended only, not required) ***SEC 7.03.2(1)***	х			
303.		Does operator include performance measures in facility locating services contracts with corresponding and meaningful incentives and penalties? <b>***SEC 7.03.2(a)***</b>	х			
304.		Do locate contractors address performance problems for persons performing locating services through mechanisms such as re-training, process change, or changes in staffing levels?			х	
305.		Does the operator periodically review the Operator Qualification plan criteria and methods used to qualify personnel to perform locates?			Х	
306.		Review operator locating and excavation <u>procedures</u> for compliance with state law and regulations. <b>***SEC 7.03.2</b> ***	х			
307.		Are locates are being made within the timeframes required by state law and regulations? Examine record sample. <b>***SEC 7.03.2(b)***</b>	х			
308.		Are locating and excavating personnel properly <u>qualified</u> in accordance with the operator's Operator Qualification plan and with federal and state requirements? <b>***SEC 7.03.2(a)</b> ***	х			
309.		<b>Informational purposes only. Not Required.</b> Does the pipeline operator voluntarily submit pipeline damage statistics into the UTC Damage Information Reporting Tool (DIRT)? Operator may register at <u>https://identity.damagereporting.org/cgareg/control/login.do</u> <b>Y</b> X <b>N</b>	X			
310.		PHMSA Areas of Emphasis:				
		• Does the operator have directional drilling/boring procedures which include taking actions necessary to protect their facilities from the dangers posed by drilling and other trenchless technologies?			х	
311.		<ul> <li>Does the operator review records of accidents and failures due to excavation damage to ensure causes of failures are addressed to minimize the possibility of reaccurence?</li> <li>***SEC 7.05.1***</li> </ul>	х			

#### **Comments:**

304-305. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC. does not use contractors to locate, Marvin Price does all locates. 310. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC. does not perform HDD.

	SUBPART – L EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
312.	Receiving, identifying, and classifying notices of events which require immediate response by the operator .615(a)(1) <b>Note:</b> Including third-party damage <b>***SEC 8.01</b> ***	Х			
313.	Establish and maintain communication with appropriate public officials regarding possible emergency .615(a)(2) ***SEC 8.01***	Х			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

314.		Prompt response to each of the following emergencies: .615(a)(3) ***SEC 8.01***	Х		
315.	480-93-180(1) /	(i) Gas detected inside a building <b>***SEC 8.01</b> ***	Х		
316.	192.615	(ii) Fire located near a pipeline ***SEC 8.01***	Х		
317.		(iii) Explosion near a pipeline ***SEC 8.01***	Х		
318.		(iv) Natural disaster ***SEC 8.01***	Х		
319.		Note: Including third-party damage (also question 321) ***SEC 8.01***	Х		
320.		Availability of personnel, equipment, instruments, tools, and material required at the scene of an emergency .615(a)(4) ***SEC 8.02***	Х		
321.		Actions directed towards protecting people first, then property .615(a)(5) <b>Note:</b> Including third-party damage where there is a possibility of multiple leaks and underground migration into nearby buildings. <b>***SEC 8.01/8.06/8.09***</b>	х		
322.		Emergency shutdown or pressure reduction to minimize hazards to life or property .615(a)(6) ***SEC 8.09***	Х		
323.		Making safe any actual or potential hazard to life or property .615(a)(7) ***SEC 8.01/8.06/8.09***	Х		
324.		Notifying appropriate public officials required at the emergency scene and coordinating planned and actual responses with these officials .615(a)(8) ***SEC 8.0/8.10***	Х		
325.		Instructions for restoring service outages after the emergency has been rendered safe .615(a)(9)		Х	
326.	480-93-180(1) / 192.615	Investigating accidents and failures as soon as possible after emergency .615(a)(10) ***SEC 8.14/11.0***	Х		
327.		Actions required to be taken by a controller during an emergency in accordance with 192.631. (Amdt. 192-112, 74 FR 63310, December 3, 2009, eff. 2/1/2010)615(a)(11)		Х	
328.		Furnishing applicable portions of the emergency plan to supervisory personnel who are responsible for emergency action $.615(b)(1) $ ***SEC $8.02$ ***	Х		
329.		Training appropriate employees as to the requirements of the emergency plan and verifying effectiveness of training .615(b)(2) <b>***SEC 8.02***</b>	Х		
330.		Reviewing activities following emergencies to determine if the procedures were effective .615(b)(3) ***SEC 8.02***	Х		
331.		Establish and maintain liaison with appropriate public officials, such that both the operator and public officials are aware of each other's resources and capabilities in dealing with gas emergencies .615(c)(1-4); ADB-05-03 <b>***SEC 8.02***</b>	х		

**Comments:** 

325. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

327. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have a control room.

	SUBI	PART – L PUBLIC AWARENESS PROGRAM PROCEDURES (Also in accordance with API RP 1162)	S	U	N/A	N/C
332.		Public Awareness Program in accordance with API RP 1162 (Amdt 192-99 pub. 5/19/05, eff. 06/20/05 and Amdt 192 – not numbered pub 12/13/07 eff. 12/13/07)616				
333.		The operators program must specifically include provisions to educate the public, appropriate government organizations, and persons engaged in excavation related activities on: .616(d) <b>***SEC 10.0***</b>	х			
334.		(1) Use of a one-call notification system prior to excavation and other***SEC 10.0***	Х			
335.		(2) Possible hazards associated with unintended releases fram a gas pipeline facility; ***PA PLAN***	Х			
336.	480-93-180(1) /	(3) Physical indications of a possible release; <b>***PA PLAN***</b>	Х			
337.	192.605(a)	<ul> <li>(4) Steps to be taken for public safety in the event of a gas pipeline release; ***PA</li> <li>PLAN***</li> </ul>	X			
338.		Does program include activities to advise affected municipalities, school districts, businesses, and residents of pipeline facility locations616(e) <b>***PA PLAN***</b>	Х			
339.		The operator's program and the media used must be comprehensive enough to reach all areas the operator transports gas. $.616(f) ***PA PLAN***$	X			
340.		Is the program conducted in English and any other languages commonly understood by a	Х			

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	significant number of the population? .616(g) ***PA PLAN***			
341.	Operations of a master meter		Х	
342.	<ul> <li>Operators of a Master Meter or petroleum gas system (unless the operator transports gas as a primary activity) must develop/implement a written procedure to provide it's customers public awareness messages twice annually: .616(j)</li> <li>(1) A description of the purpose and reliability of the pipeline;</li> <li>(2) An overview of the hazards of the pipeline and prevention measures used;</li> <li>(3) Information about damage prevention;</li> <li>(4) How to recognize and respond to a leak; and</li> <li>(5) How to get additional information.</li> </ul>		Х	
343.	IAW API RP 1162, the operator's program should be reviewed for effectiveness within four years of the date the operator's program was first completed. For operators in existence on June 20, 2005, who must have completed their written programs no later than June 20, 2006, the first evaluation is due no later than June 20, 2010616(h) ***PA PLAN***	x		

	SUBPART – L FAILURE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES S			U	N/A	N/C
344.	480-93-180(1) / 192.617	Analyzing accidents and failures including laboratory analysis where appropriate to determine cause and prevention of recurrence .617 <b>***SEC 11.0***</b>	Х			

#### **Comments:**

341-342. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have master meters.

		SUBPART – L MAOP PROCEDURES							
		is operating under a Special Permit, a Waiver or 192.620, th f the Special Permit, Waiver or refer to Attachment 1 for a			S	U	N/A	N/C	
345.		Establishing MAOP so that it is commensurate with the class	s location .619 *	***SEC 12.0***	Х				
346.	480-93-180(1)	MAOP cannot exceed the lowest of the following:							
347.	192.605(a)	• Design pressure of the weakest element; .619(a)	)(1) ***SEC 12	.0***	Х				
348.		• Test pressure divided by applicable factor .619(a)	(2) *** <b>SEC 12.0</b>	)***	Х				
349.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605(a)	during the 5 years preceding the applicable date in was tested according to .619(a)(2) after the applica segment was uprated according to subpart K.	during the 5 years preceding the applicable date in second column, unless the segment was tested according to .619(a)(2) after the applicable date in the third column or the segment was uprated according to subpart K. Note: For gathering line related compliance deadlines and additional gathering line requirements, refer to Part 192 including this amendment619(a)(3)         Pipeline segment       Pressure date       Test date						
		<ul> <li>part (other than § 192.612) after April 13, 2006.</li> <li>Onshore transmission line that was a gathering line not subject to this part before March 15, 2006.</li> <li>Offshore gathering lines.</li> </ul>	2006, or date line becomes subject to this part, whichever is later. July 1, 1976.	preceding applicable date in second column. July 1, 1971.			x		
		All other pipelines.	July 1, 1970.	July 1, 1965.					
350.		Maximum safe pressure determined by operator			X				
351.	480-93-180(1)	Overpressure protective devices must be installed     ***SEC 12.0***	sterpressure protective devices must be instance in .019(d)(1) is upprotote .01						

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352.	192.605(a)	• The requirements on pressure restrictions in this section do not apply in the following instance. An operator may operate a segment of pipeline found to be in satisfactory condition, considering its operating and maintenance history, at the highest actual operating pressure to which the segment was subjected during the 5 years preceding the applicable date in the second column of the table in paragraph (a)(3) of this section. An operator must still comply with § 192.611. Amdt 192-102 pub. 3/15/06, eff. 04/14/06. Note: For gathering line related compliance deadlines and additional gathering line requirements, refer to Part 192 including this amendment619(c)	x	
353.		Refer to Attachment 1 for additional Alternative MAOP requirements. (Amdt. 192-107, 73 FR 62147, October 17, 2008, eff. 11/17/2008)620		
354.		MAOP - High Pressure Distribution Systems .621 Note: New PA-11 design criteria is incorporated into 192.121 & .123 (Final Rule Pub. 12/24/08)	x	
355.		Max./Min. Allowable Operating Pressure - Low Pressure Distribution Systems .623	Х	

### **Comments:**

349. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC. was constructed in 2000. 352-355. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

		WAC 480-93-015 ODORIZATION PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
356.		Odorization of gas at the proper concentration in air 480-93-015 (1) 192.625(a-f) ***SEC 13.0***	Х			
357.	480-93-180(1)	Use of odorant testing instrumentation/Monthly testing interval 480-93-015 (2) <b>***SEC 5.10/13.0</b> ***	Х			
358.		Odorant Testing Equipment Calibration/Intervals (Annually or Manufacturers Recommendation) 480-93-015 (3) <b>***SEC 13.0***</b>	Х			
359.	480-93-180(1)	Records maintained for usage, odorant tests performed and equipment calibration ( <b>5yrs</b> ) 480- 93-015(4) *** <b>SEC 13.0</b> ***	х			

**Comments:** 

SUBPART – L TAPPING PIPELINES UNDER PRESSURE PROCEDURES					N/A	N/C
360.	<b>480-93-180(1)</b>	Hot taps must be made by a qualified crew NDT testing is suggested prior to tapping the pipe.				
		Reference API RP 2201 for Best Practices627 ***SEC 14.0***	Х			

		SUBPART – L PIPELINE PURGING PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
361.	480-93-180(1)	Purging of pipelines must be done to prevent entrapment of an explosive mixture in the pipeline .629 ***SEC 15.0/21.0***	х			
362.	480-93-180(1)	(a) Lines containing <b>air</b> must be properly purged. <b>***SEC 15.0/21.0***</b>	Х			
363.	480-93-180(1)	(b) Lines containing gas must be properly purged ***SEC 15.0/21.0***	Х			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

**Comments:** 

 SUBPART – M
 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES
 S
 U
 N/A
 N/C

 364.
 480-93-180(1)
 Each segment of pipeline that becomes unsafe must be replaced, repaired, or removed from Service .703(b) \*\*\*SEC 1.05\*\*\*
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**Comments:** 

*		CONTROL ROOM MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES (Amdt. 192-112, 74 FR 63310, December 3, 2009, eff. 2/1/2010)	S	UN	I/A N/0
.605(a)	.631(a)	<ol> <li>This section applies to each operator of a pipeline facility with a controller working in a control room who monitors and controls all or part of a pipeline facility through a SCADA system, except where an operator's activities are limited to:         <ul> <li>(ii) Transmission without a compressor station, the operator must have and follow written procedures that implement only paragraphs (d) (regarding fatigue), (i) (regarding compliance validation), and (j) (regarding compliance and deviations) of this section.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
	.631(a)	NOTE: An operator must develop the procedures no later than August 1, 2011 and implement the procedures no later than February 1, 2013.			
	.631(b)	abnormal and emergency conditions including a definition of:			
		(1) Controller's authority and responsibility.			х
		(2) Controller's role when an abnormal operating condition is detected.			х
		(3) Controller's role during an emergency			х
		(4) A method of recording shift change responsibilities between controllers.			Х
	.631(c)	The operator's program must provide its controllers with the information, tools, processes and procedures necessary to perform each of the following:			
		(1) Implement sections 1, 4, 8,9,11.2, and 11.3 of API RP 1165 whenever a SCADA System is added, expanded or replaced.			X
		(2) Conduct point-to-point verification between SCADA displays and related equipment when changes that affect pipeline safety are made.			X
		(3) Test and verify any internal communications plan – at least once a year NTE 15 months.			х
		(4) Test any backup SCADA system at least once each year but NTE 15 months.			х
		(5) Establish and implement procedures for when a different controller assumes responsibility.			х
	.631(d)	Each operator must implement and follow methods to reduce the risk associated with controller fatigue, including:			·

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*	CONTROL ROOM MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES (Amdt. 192-112, 74 FR 63310, December 3, 2009, eff. 2/1/2010)	S	U	N/A	N/C
	(1) Establishing shift lengths and schedule rotations that provide time sufficient to achieve eight hours of continuous sleep.			x	
	(2) Educating controllers and supervisors in fatigue mitigation strategies.			Х	
	(3) Training of controllers and supervisors to recognize the effects of fatigue.			Х	
	(4) Establishing a maximum limit on controller hours-of-service.			Х	
.631(e)	Each operator must have a written alarm management plan including these provisions:				
	(1) Reviewing alarms using a process that ensures that they are accurate and support safe operations.			X	
	(2) Identifying at least once a year, points that have been taken off SCADA scan or have had alarms inhibited, generated false alarms, or have had forced or manual values for periods of time exceeding that required for maintenance activities.			х	
	(3) Verifying the alarm set-point values and alarm descriptions once each year NTE 15 months.			Х	
	(4) Reviewing the alarm management plan at least once every calendar year NTE 15 months.			X	
	(5) Monitoring the content and volume of activity being directed to and required of each controller once each year NTE 15 months.			x	
	(6) Addressing deficiencies identified through implementation of 1-5 of this section.			Х	
.631(f)	.631(f) Each operator must assure that changes that could affect control room operations are coordinated with the control room personnel by performing the following:				
	(1) Establishing communications between controllers, management and field personnel when implementing physical changes to the pipeline.			X	
	(2) Requiring field personnel to contact the control room when emergency conditions exist and when field changes could affect control room operations.			х	
	(3) Seeking control room or management participation in planning prior to implementation of significant pipeline changes.			X	
.631(g)	by performing the following:				
	(1) Reviewing reportable incidents to determine if control room actions contributed to the event and correcting any deficiencies.			х	
	(2) Including lessons learned from the operator's training program required by this section.			Х	
.631(h	Each operator must establish a controller training program and review its contents once a year NTE 15 months which includes the following elements:			X	
	(1) Responding to abnormal operating conditions (AOCs).			х	
	(2) Using a computerized simulator or other method for training controllers to recognize AOCs			X	
	(3) Training controllers on their responsibilities for communication under the operator's emergency response procedures.			X	
	(4) Training that provides a working knowledge of the pipeline system, especially during AOCs.			Х	
	(5) Providing an opportunity for controllers to review relevant procedures for infrequently used operating setups.			х	

	TRANSMIS	SUBPART - M SION LINES - PATROLLING & LEAKAGE SURVEY PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
366.		Patrolling ROW conditions .705(a) ***SEC 5.04***	Х			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

367.	480-93-180(1) /192.605(b)	Maximum interval between patrols of lines: .705 (b) <b>***SEC 5.02</b> ***							
		Class Location	At Highway and Railroad Crossings	At All Other Places					
		1 and 2 2/yr (7½ months) 1/yr (15 months)	х						
		3	2/yr (7½ months)						
		4	4/yr (4½ months)	4/yr (4½ months)					
368.		Leakage surveys – 1 yea	Leakage surveys – 1 year/15 months .706 ***SEC 5.03***						
369.	Leak <b>detector equipment</b> survey requirements for lines transporting <b>un-o</b> (N/A - All pipelines in WA require odorization)	nsporting <b>un-odorized</b> gas							

		WAC 480-93-185 GAS LEAK INVESTIGATION	S	U	N/A	N/C
		Procedures for the prompt investigation of any notification of a leak, explosion, or fire, which may involve gas pipelines or other gas facilities.				
370.	480-93-180(1)	• received from any outside source such as a police or fire department, other utility, contractor, customer, or the general public 480-93-185(1) ***SEC 8.05/8.09***	Х			
371.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>Grade leak in accordance with WAC 480-93-186, and take appropriate action 480-93-185(1) ***SEC 8.07.1/8.08/8.09***</li> </ul>	Х			
372.	480-93-180(1)	• retain the leak investigation record for the life of the pipeline. 480-93-185(1) ***SEC 8.09/8.07.1***	Х			
373.	480-93-180(1)	Prevent removal of any suspected gas facility until the commission or the lead investigative authority has designated the release of the gas facility and keep the facility intact until directed by the lead investigative authority 480-93-185(2) <b>***SEC 8.09***</b>	Х			
374.	480-93-180(1)	Taking appropriate action when leak indications originating from a foreign source. Notification requirements. 480-93-185(3) <b>***SEC 8.07.1(3.0)/8.09***</b>	Х			

		WAC 480-93-186 LEAK EVALUATION	S	U	N/A	N/C
375.	480-93-180(1)	Grade leaks as defined in WAC 480-93-18601 to establish the leak repair priority. 480-93-186(1) ***SEC 8.09***	Х			
376.	480-93-180(1)	Procedure for evaluating the concentration and extent of gas leakage 480-93-186(2) <b>Note:</b> Including third-party damage where there is a possibility of multiple leaks and underground migration into nearby buildings. <b>***SEC 8.08/8.09***</b>	Х			
377.	480-93-180(1)	Use of a combustible gas indicator to check the perimeter of a leak area. Follow-up inspection on repaired leaks no later than thirty days following repair. 480-93-186(3) <b>***SEC 8.04(6.0)(D)/8.09***</b>	X			
378.	480-93-180(1)	Grade 1 and 2 leaks downgraded once to Grade 3 leak without a physical repair. After downgrade, repair must be made not to exceed twenty-one months 480-93-186(4) <b>***SEC 8.09**</b>	х			

**Comments:** 

.631. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use a control room.

WAC 480-93-187 GAS LEAK RECORDS	S	U	N/A	N/C
Gas leak records must contain, at a minimum, the criteria outlined in 480-93-187 (1-13) ***SEC 22.0 "GAS LEAK REPORT" FORM/8.09***				

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

379.	480-93-180(1)	<ol> <li>Date and time the leak was detected, investigated, reported, and repaired, and the name of the employee(s) conducting the investigation;</li> <li>Location of the leak (sufficiently described to allow ready location by other qualified personnel);</li> <li>Leak grade;</li> <li>Pipeline classification (e.g., distribution, transmission, service);</li> <li>If reported by an outside party, the name and address of the reporting party;</li> <li>Component that leaked (e.g., pipe, tee, flange, valve);</li> <li>Size and material that leaked (e.g., steel, plastic, cast iron);</li> <li>Pipe condition;</li> <li>Type of repair;</li> <li>Leak cause;</li> <li>Date pipe installed (if known);</li> <li>Magnitude and location of CGI readings left; and</li> <li>Unique identification numbers (such as serial numbers) of leak detection equipment.</li> </ol>	x			
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**Comments:** 

		WAC 480-93-188 GAS LEAK SURVEYS	S	U	N/A	N/C
380.		gas leak surveys using a gas detection instrument covering areas listed in 480-93-188(1)(a-e) ***SEC 5.03***	Х			
381.		Gas detection instruments tested for accuracy/intervals (Mfct rec or monthly not to exceed 45 days) 480-93-188(2) ***SEC 5.03***	Х			
382.	480-93-180(1)	Surveys conducted according to the minimum frequencies outlined under 480-93-188(3)(a-d) ***SEC 5.03***	Х			
383.		Surveys conducted under the following circumstances outlined under 480-93-188(4)(a-e) ***SEC 5.03***	Х			
384.		Survey records must be kept for a minimum of five years and contain information required under 480-93-188(5)(a-f) ***SEC 5.03***	Х			
385.		Self audits as necessary, but not to exceed three years between audits and meet the criteria outlined under 480-93-188(6)(a-e) ***5.03.1***	Х			

**Comments:** 

		PIPELINE MARKERS PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
386.		Placement of markers - railroad, road, irrigation and drainage ditch crossings 480-93-124 (1) ***SEC 5.05***	Х			
387.		Placement of markers - Separation/Other locations 480-93-124 (2) & 192.707 ***SEC 5.05***	Х			
388.	480-93-180(1)	Installed at each end of bridges or other spans / Inspected <b>1/YR</b> ( <b>15 Months</b> ) 480-93-124 (3) *** <b>SEC 5.05</b> ***	Х			
389.		Markers reported missing or damaged replaced within <b>45 days?</b> 480-93-124(4) <b>***SEC 5.05</b> ***	Х			
390.		Surveys of pipeline markers – Not to exceed <b>5/YR</b> Records 10/Yrs minimum 480-93-124(5) ***SEC 5.05***	Х			

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<b>391.</b> Maintain maps, drawings or other records indicating class locations and other areas where pipeline markers are required 480-93-124(6) ***SEC 23.0***       X	
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**Comments:** 

		SUBPART - M TRANSMISSION RECORD KEEPING PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
392.		Records must be maintained709 ***SEC 4.517/26.0***	Х			
393.	480-93-180(1) /	(a) Repairs to the pipe – life of system ***SEC 4.517/26.0***	Х			
394.	192.605 (b)	(b) Repairs to "other than pipe" – 5 years ***SEC 4.51726.0***	Х			
395.	172,000 (0)	(c) Operation (Sub L) and Maintenance (Sub M) patrols, surveys, tests – 5 years or until next one ***SEC 4.517/26.0***	X			

		SUBPART - M TRANSMISSION LINE FIELD REPAIR PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
		Imperfections and Damages				
396.		Repairs of imperfections and damages on pipelines operating above 40% SMYS				
397.	480-93-180(1) /	• Cut out a cylindrical piece of pipe and replace with pipe of ≥ design strength .713(a)(1) ***SEC 4.309***	х			
398.	192.605 (b)	• Use of a reliable engineering method .713(a)(2) ***SEC 4.309***	Х			
399.		Reduce operating pressure to a safe level during the repair .713(b) ***SEC 4.309***	Х			
		Permanent Field Repair of Welds				
400.		Welds found to be unacceptable under §192.241(c) must be repaired by: .715				
401.		(a) Taking the line out of service and repairing in accordance with <b>§192.245: ***SEC 4.425</b> ***	х			
402.		<ul> <li>Cracks longer than 8% of the weld length (except offshore) must be removed***SEC 4.425***</li> </ul>	Х			
403.		• For each weld that is repaired, the defect must be removed down to clean metal and the pipe preheated if conditions demand it***SEC 4.425***	х			
404.		• Repairs must be inspected to ensure acceptability***SEC 4.425***	Х			
405.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	• Crack repairs or defect repairs in previously repaired areas must be done in accordance with qualified written welding procedures***SEC 4.425***	х			
406.		(b) If the line remains in service, the weld may be repaired in accordance with <b>§192.245</b> if:				
407.		• The weld is not leaking (1) ***SEC 4.425***	Х			
408.		<ul> <li>he pressure is reduced to produce a stress that is 20% of SMYS or less (2) ***SEC 4.425***</li> </ul>	х			
409.		• Grinding is limited so that <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> inch of pipe weld remains (3) ***SEC 4.425***	Х			
410.		• If the weld cannot be repaired in accordance with (a) or (b) above, a full encirclement welded split sleeve must be installed (c) ***SEC 4.425***	Х			
		Permanent Field Repair of Leaks				
411.		Field repairs of leaks must be made as follows: .717				
412.	<u> </u>	• Replace by cutting out a cylinder and replace with pipe similar or of greater design (a) ***SEC 4.309***	Х			

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		SUBPART - M TRANSMISSION LINE FIELD REPAIR PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
413.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	<ul> <li>Install a full encirclement welded split sleeve of an appropriate design unless the pipe is joined by mechanical couplings and operates at less than 40% SMYS (b)(1)</li> <li>***SEC 4.309***</li> </ul>	х			
414.		• A leak due to a corrosion pit may be repaired by installing <b>a bolt on leak clamp</b> (b)(2)			х	
415.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	<ul> <li>For a corrosion pit leak, if a pipe is not more than 40,000 psi SMYS, the pits may be repaired by fillet welding a steel plate.</li> <li>The plate must have rounded corners and the same thickness or greater than the pipe, and not more than ½D of the pipe size (b)(3)</li> </ul>			х	
416.		• Submerged offshore pipe or pipe in inland navigable waterways may be repaired with a mechanically applied full encirclement split sleeve of appropriate design (b)(4)			x	
417.		• Apply reliable engineering method (b)(5) ***SEC 4.309***	Х			
		Testing of Repairs				
418.	480-93-180(1) /	Replacement pipe must be pressure tested to meet the requirements of a new pipeline .719(a)				
419.	192.605 (b)	(b) For lines of <b>6-inch diameter or larger</b> and that <b>operate at 20% of more of SMYS</b> , the repair must be nondestructively tested in accordance with <b>§192.241(c)</b>			X	

	DISTRIBUT	SUBPART - M ION SYSTEM PATROLLING & LEAKAGE SURVEY PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
420.		Frequency of patrolling mains must be determined by the severity of the conditions which could cause failure or leakage (i.e., consider cast iron, weather conditions, known slip areas, etc.) .721(a)			х	
421.		Patrolling surveys are required in business districts at intervals not exceeding 4½ months, but at least four times each calendar year .721 (b)(1)			X	
422.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	Patrolling surveys are required outside business districts at intervals not exceeding $7\frac{1}{2}$ months, but at least twice each calendar year .721 (b)(2)			Х	
423.		Periodic leak surveys determined by the nature of the operations and conditions723 (a)& (b)			Х	
424.		In business districts as specified, 1/yr (15 months) .723(b)(1)			Х	
425.		Outside of business districts as specified, once every 5 calendar years/63 mos.; for unprotected lines subject to .465(e) where electrical surveys are impractical, once every 3 years/39 mos723 (b)(2)			х	

	TE	SUBPART - M ST REQUIREMENTS FOR REINSTATING SERVICE LINES	S	U	N/A	N/C
426.	480-93-180(1)/	Except for .725(b), disconnected service lines must be tested the same as a new service line725(a)			Х	
427.	192.605 (b)	Service lines that are temporarily disconnected must be tested from the point of disconnection, the same as a new service line, before reconnect. See code for exception to this725(b)			Х	

#### **Comments:**

- 414. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use bolt on leak clamps.
- 415. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use steel plates for repair.
- 416. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have offshore or inland waterway pipe.
- 418-419. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC. operates below 20% SMYS
- 420-427. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

### SUBPART - M

S U N/A N/C

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	ABANI	DONMENT or DEACTIVATION of FACILITIES PROCEDURES			
428.		Operator must disconnect both ends, purge, and seal each end before abandonment or a period of deactivation where the pipeline is not being maintained. Offshore abandoned pipelines must be filled with water or an inert material, with the ends sealed .727(b) <b>***SEC 17.0***</b>	х		
429.		Except for service lines, each inactive pipeline that is not being maintained under Part 192 must be disconnected from all gas sources/supplies, purged, and sealed at each end727 (c) <b>***SEC 17.0***</b>	Х		
430.		Whenever service to a customer is discontinued, do the procedures indicate one of the following: .727(d)			
431.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	The valve that is closed to prevent the flow of gas to the customer must be provided with a locking device or other means designed to prevent the opening of the valve by persons other than those authorized by the operator $.727(d)$ (1)		x	
432.		A mechanical device or fitting that will prevent the flow of gas must be installed in the service line or in the meter assembly $.727(d)(2)$		х	
433.		The customer's piping must be physically disconnected from the gas supply and the open pipe ends sealed $.727(d)$ (3)		х	
434.		If air is used for purging, the operator shall ensure that a combustible mixture is not present after purging .727 (e)		х	
435.		Abondoned vaults filled with suitable compacted materials .727(f)		Х	
436.		Operator must file reports upon abandoning underwater facilities crossing navigable waterways, including offshore facilities727(g)		X	

### **Comments:**

430-433. Lamb Wewston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas.

435. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have vaults.

436. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have any underwater facilities.

605(b)		SUBPART - M COMPRESSOR STATION PROCEDURES	S	U	N/AI	N/C
	.605(b)(6)	Maintenance procedures, including provisions for isolating units or sections of pipe and for purging before returning to service			Х	
	.605(b)(7)	Starting, operating, and shutdown procedures for gas compressor units			Х	
	.731	Inspection and testing procedures for remote control shutdowns and pressure relieving devices (1 per yr/15 months), prompt repair or replacement			Х	
	.735	(a) Storage of excess flammable or combustible materials at a safe distance from the compressor buildings			Х	
		(b) Tank must be protected according to <b>NFPA #30;</b> Amdt 192-103 pub. 06/09/06 eff. 07/10/06.			Х	
	.736	Compressor buildings in a compressor station must have fixed gas detection and alarm systems ( <b>must be performance tested</b> ), unless:			Х	
		<ul> <li>50% of the upright side areas are permanently open, or</li> </ul>			Х	
		• It is an unattended field compressor station of <b>1000 hp or less</b>			Х	

	PRES	SUBPART - M SURE LIMITING and REGULATING STATION PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
437.	480-93-180(1)/	Inspection and testing procedures for pressure limiting stations, relief devices, pressure regulating stations and equipment ( <b>1 per yr/15 months</b> ) .739(a) <b>***SEC 5.06</b> ***	Х			
438.	192.605 (b)	In good mechanical condition .739(a) (1) ***SEC 5.06***	Х			
439.		Adequate from the standpoint of capacity and reliability of operation for the service in which it	Х			

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		is er	nployed .739(a)(2) ***SEC 5.06	<u></u>			
440.		Set		essures consistent with .201(a), except for .739(b)739(a)	Х		
441.			perly installed and protected from r739(a)(4) ***SEC 5.06***	n dirt, liquids, other conditions that may prevent proper	Х		
442.			steel lines if MAOP is determine (b) ***SEC 5.06***	d per .619(c) and the MAOP is 60 psi gage or more			
443.			If MAOP produces hoop stress that	Then the pressure limit is:			
	480-93-180(1) /		Is greater than 72 percent of SMYS	MAOP plus 4 percent		х	
	192.605 (b)		Is unknown as a percent of SMYS	A pressure that will prevent unsafe operation of the pipeline considering its operating and maintenance history and MAOP			
444.		Pres	sure limiting and regulating static	ons: Telemetering or recording gages 192.741(a) thru (c)		Х	
445.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	calc capa stati	ulations, at intervals not exceeding acity of each pressure relief devi ons has sufficient capacity, and for	dures for ensuring, either by testing or a review of g 15 months, but at least once each calendar year, that the ice at pressure limiting stations and pressure regulating or installing a new or additional device if a relief device is ity743 (a) thru (c) ***SEC 4.201/5.06***	х		

#### **Comments:**

192.605. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have compressor stations.443. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not operate above 15% SMYS.444. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have telemetering or recording gauges.

		SUBPART - M VALVE AND VAULT MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
446.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	Written valve maintenance program detailing the valve selection process, inspection, maintenance, and operating procedures. The written program must detail which valves will be maintained under 49 CFR § 192.745, 49 CFR § 192.747, and 480-93-100. 480-93-100(1) ***SEC 5.08***	x			
		Transmission Valves				
447.	480-93-180(1)/	Inspect and partially operate each transmission valve that might be required during an emergency (1 per yr/15 months) .745(a) ***SEC 5.08***	Х			
448.	192.605 (b)	Prompt remedial action required, or designate alternative valve .745(b) ***SEC 5.08***	Х			
		Distribution Valves				
449.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	Check and service each valve that may be necessary for the safe operation of a distribution system (1 per yr/15 months) .747(a)			х	
450.		Prompt remedial action required, or designate alternative valve .747(b)			Х	
		Service Valves	S	U	N/A	N/C
451.	480-93-180(1)/	Written service valve installation and maintenance program detailing the valve selection process, inspection, maintenance, and operating procedures. Does the program consider the criteria listed under 480-93-100(2)(a-f)?			x	
452.	192.605 (b)	Service valve maintenance (1 per yr/15 months) 480-93-100(3)			Х	
453.		Service valve installation and maintenance program fully implemented by 6/01/07? 480-93-100(6)			X	
		Vaults				
454.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	Inspection of vaults greater than <b>200 cubic feet</b> ( <b>1 per yr/15 months</b> ) .749			X	

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	P	SUBPART - M REVENTION of ACCIDENTAL IGNITION PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
455.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	<ul> <li>Reduce the hazard of fire or explosion by:</li> <li>(a) When a hazardous amount of gas is being vented into open air, each potential source of ignition must be removed from the area and a fire extinguisher must be provided.</li> <li>(b) Gas or electric welding or cutting may not be performed on pipe or on pipe components that contain a combustible mixture of gas and air in the area of work.</li> <li>(c) Post warning signs, where appropriate. 192.751 (a) thru (c) ***SEC 7.04/7.06/8.03/8.04/8.06/8.07/8.08/8.09/9.0/10.0/14.0/15.0/16.0***</li> </ul>	Х			

**Comments:** 

449-453. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not distribute gas. 454. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have vaults.

		SUBPART - M CAULKED BELL AND SPIGOT JOINTS PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
456.		Cast-iron caulked bell and spigot joint repair: .753				
457.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	• When subject to more than 25 psig, sealed with mechanical clamp, or sealed with material/device which does not reduce flexibility, permanently bonds, and seals and bonds as prescribed in §192.753(a)(2)(iii) .753(a)			х	
458.		• When subject to 25 psig or less, joints, when exposed for any reason, must be sealed by means other than caulking .753(b)			Х	

		SUBPART - M PROTECTING CAST-IRON PIPELINE PROCEDURES	S	U	N/A	N/C
459.	490.02.190(1) /	Operator has knowledge that the support for a segment of a buried cast-iron pipeline is disturbed must provide protection755			-	
460.		• Vibrations from heavy construction equipment, trains, trucks, buses or blasting? .755(a)			Х	
461.	480-93-180(1) / 192.605 (b)	• Impact forces by vehicles? .755(b)			Х	
462.	192.003 (0)	• Earth movement? .755(c)			Х	
463.		• Other foreseeable outside forces which might subject the segment of pipeline to a bending stress .755(d)			Х	
464.		Provide permanent protection for the disturbed section as soon as feasible .755(e)			Х	

### **Comments:**

456-458. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have caulked bell and spigot joints. 459-464. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not have cast-iron pipe in their system.

	S	SUBPART N — QUALIFICATION of PIPELINE PERSONNEL ast UTC staff OQ plan review 2014			N/A	N/C
Date	of last UTC staff (					
465.	192.801 192.809	Any revisions to plan since last review? Yes X No If yes, review revisions made.	Х			

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		<b>***UPDATE OF CONTACT AND EMPLOYEE INFORMATION***</b>			
466.	480-93-180(1)	Have "New Construction" activities been identified and included in the operator's covered task list? 480-93-013 <b>***OQ PROGRAM MANUAL SEC 2.0</b> ***	Х		

**Comments:** 

					N/A	N/C
467.	480-93-180(1)	Submittal of construction procedures, designs, and specifications used for each pipeline facility prior to operating the pipeline. All procedures must detail the acceptable types of materials, fittings, and components for the different types of facilities in the operator's system. 480-93-017(1) ***SEC 2.2(2)***	x			
468.	480-93-180(1)	Construction plans not conforming with a gas company's existing and accepted construction procedures, designs, and specifications on file with the commission, submitted to the commission for review at least forty-five days prior to the initiation of construction activity. 480-93-017(2) ******SEC 2.2(2)*****	Х			

		MAPS, DRAWINGS, and RECORDS of GAS FACILITIES	S	U	N/A	N/C
469.	480-93-180(1)	Records updated no later then <b>6 months</b> from completion of construction activity and made available to appropriate personnel. 480-93-018(3) ***2.2(2)***	х			

		PROXIMITY CONSIDERATIONS	S	U	N/A	N/C
470.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>Each operator must submit a written request and receive commission approval prior to: Operating any gas pipeline facility at greater than five hundred psig that is within five hundred feet of any of the following places: 480-93-20 (1)(a)</li> <li>A building that is in existence or under construction prior to the date authorization for construction is filed with the commission, and that is not owned and used by the petitioning operator in its gas operations; or : 480-93-20 (1)(a)(i)</li> <li>A high occupancy structure or area that is in existence or under construction prior to the date authorization for construction for construction for construction is filed with the commission; or : 480-93-20 (1)(a)(i)</li> <li>A high occupancy structure or area that is in existence or under construction prior to the date authorization for construction is filed with the commission; or : 480-93-20(1)(a)(ii)</li> <li>A public highway, as defined in RCW 81.80.010(3). 480-93-20 (1)(a)(iii) ***SEC 2.2(3)***</li> </ul>	х			
471.	480-93-180(1)	<ul> <li>Operating any gas pipeline facility at greater than two hundred fifty psig, up to and including five hundred psig, that is operated within one hundred feet of either of the following places: 480-93-20(1)(b)</li> <li>A building that is in existence or under construction prior to the date authorization for construction is filed with the commission, and that is not owned and used by the petitioning operator in its gas operations; or: 480-93-20(1)(b)(i)</li> <li>A high occupancy structure or area that is in existence or under construction prior to the date authorization for construction is filed with the commission, and that is not owned and used by the petitioning operator in its gas operations; or: 480-93-20(1)(b)(i)</li> <li>A high occupancy structure or area that is in existence or under construction prior to the date authorization for construction is filed with the commission. 480-93-20(1)(b)(ii)</li> <li>For proposed new construction, document evidence to demonstrate that it is not practical to select an alternate route that will avoid areas or which demonstrates that the operator has considered future development of the area and has designed their pipeline facilities accordingly. 480-93-20(2)</li> </ul>			x	

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**Comments:** 

471. Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC. does not operate above 250psig.

### Attachment 1 Alternative Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure

For additional guidance refer to <u>http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/maop/faqs.htm</u> For FAQs refer to <u>http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/maop/faqs.htm</u>

192.620	Alternative MAOP Procedures and Verifications	S	U	N/AN/O	
	The alternative MAOP is calculated by using different factors in the same formulas used for calculating MAOP in §192.619. In determining the alternative design pressure under §192.105 use a design factor determined in accordance with §192.111(b), (c), or (d), or, if none of these apply in accordance with:				
	Class LocationAlternative Design Factor (F)10.8020.6730.56				
.620(a)	(1) Establish alternative MAOP commensurate with class location – no class 4			X	
	(2) MAOP cannot exceed the lowest of the following:				
	(i) Design pressure of the weakest element			Х	
	(ii) Test pressure divided by applicable factor			Х	
.620(b)	(2) Pipeline constructed of steel pipe meeting additional requirements in \$192.112.			Х	
	(3) SCADA system with remote monitoring and control			Х	
	(4) Additional construction requirements described in §192.328			х	
	(5) No mechanical couplings			Х	
	(6) No failures indicative of systemic material fault – if previously operated at lower MAOP			Х	
	(7) 95% of girth welds have NDT			Х	
.620(c)	(1) PHMSA notified 180 days before operating at alternative MAOP			х	
	(2) Senior Executive signatures and copy to PHMSA			Х	
	(4) Strength test per §192.505 or certify previous strength test				
	(6) Construction tasks treated as covered tasks for Operator Qualification			X	
	(7) Records maintained for life of system			Х	
	(8) Class location change anomaly remediations			X	
.620(d)	(1) Threat matrix developed consistent with §192.917			Х	
	(2) Recalculate the potential impact circle per §192.903 and implement public education per §192.616			Х	
	(3) Responding to an emergency in an HCA				
	(i) Identify HCAs using larger impact circle			Х	
	(ii) Check personnel response times			X	
	(iii) Verify remote valve abilities			Х	
	(iv) Verify line break valve control system			Х	
	(4) Protect the right-of-way:			• •	

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192.620		Alternative MAOP Procedures and Verifications	S	U	N/AN/C
		(i) ROW patrols 12 per year not to exceed 45 days			X
		(ii) Plan to identify and mitigate unstable soil			X
		(iii) Replace loss of cover if needed			X
		(iv) Use line-of-sight markers per §192.707			Х
		(v) Review damage prevention program in light of national consensus practices			X
		(vi) ROW management plan to protect against excavation activities			X
	(5) Control Internal Corrosion:				
		(i) Program to monitor gas constituents			X
		(ii) Filter separators if needed			X
		(iii) Gas Monitoring equipment used			X
		(iv) Cleaning pigs, inhibitors, and sample accumulated liquids			<u> </u>
.620(d)		(v) Limit CO2, H2S, and water in the gas stream			X
		(vi) Quarterly program review based on monitoring results			X
	(6)	(i) Control interference that can impact external corrosion			x
		(ii) Survey to address interference currents and remedial actions			x
	(7)	Confirm external corrosion control through indirect assessment			x
		(i) Assess adequacy of CIS and perform DCVG or ACVG within 6 months		J	
		(ii) Remediate damage with IR drop $> 35\%$		<u> </u>	X
		(iii) Integrate internal inspection results with indirect assessment			X
		(iv) Periodic assessments for HCAs			X
		(A-C) Close interval surveys, test stations at ½ mile intervals, and integrate results		<b>J</b>	
	(8)	Cathodic Protection			X
	(-)	(i) Complete remediations within 6 months of failed reading		<b>J</b>	
		(ii) Confirm restoration by a close interval survey			X
		(iii) Cathodic protection system operational within 12 months of construction completion			X
	(9)	Baseline assessment of integrity			X
	(2)	(i)(A) Geometry tool run within 6 months of service		I	
		(i)(B) High resolution MFL tool run within 3 years of service		1	X
		(ii) Geometry and MFL tool 2 years prior to raising pressure for existing lines			X
		(ii) If short portions cannot accommodate tools, use direct assessment per §192.925, 927,			
		929 or pressure testing			х
	(10)	Periodic integrity assessments			X
		(i) Frequency for assessments determined as if all segments covered by Subpart O			
		(ii) Inspect using MFL tool or direct assessment per §192.925, 927, 929 or pressure testing.			X
	(11)	Repairs			Х
		(i)(A) Use of the most conservative calculation for anomaly remaining strength			
		(B) Tool tolerances taken into consideration			X
		(ii) Immediate repairs for:	1		X
		(A) Dents meeting 309(b) criteria		,	
		(B) Defects meeting immediate criteria in §192.933(d)			X
		(C) Calculated failure pressure ratio less than 1.25 for .67 design factor	-	<u> </u>	X

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

192.620	Alternative MAOP Procedures and Verifications	S	U	N/A	N/C
	(D) Calculated failure pressure ratio less than 1.4 for .56 design factor			Х	
	(iii) Repairs within 1 year for:			Х	
	(A) Defects meeting 1 year criteria in 933(d)				
	(B) Calculated failure pressure ratio less than 1.25 for .80 design factor			Х	
	(C) Calculated failure pressure ratio less than 1.50 for .67 design factor			Х	
	(D) Calculated failure pressure ratio less than 1.80 for .56 design factor			Х	
	(iv) Evaluate defect growth rate for anomalies with > 1 year repair interval and set repair interval			X	
.620(e)	(1) Provide overpressure protection to a max of 104% MAOP			Х	
	(2) Procedure for establishing and maintaining set points for SCADA			Х	

**Comments:** 

192.620 - Lamb Weston/BSW, LLC does not use an alternate MAOP.

### **Recent PHMSA Advisory Bulletins (Last 2 years)**

<u>Number</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Subject</u>					
ADB-2013-07	July 12, 13	Potential for Damage to Pipeline Facilities Caused by Flooding					
ADB-2012-10	Dec 5, 12	Using Meaningful Metrics in Conducting Integrity Management Program Evaluations					
ADB-2012-09	Oct 11, 12	Communication During Emergency Situations					
ADB-2012-08	Jul 31, 12	Inspection and Protection of Pipeline Facilities After Railway Accidents					
ADB-12-07	Jun 11, 12	Mechanical Fitting Failure Reports					
ADB-12-06	May 7, 12	Verification of Records establishing MAOP and MOP					
ADB-12-05	Mar 23, 12	Cast Iron Pipe (Supplementary Advisory Bulletin)					
ADB -12-04	Mar 21, 12	Implementation of the National Registry of Pipeline and Liquefied Natural Gas Operators					
ADB-12-03	Mar 6, 12	Notice to Operators of Driscopipe 8000 High Density Polyethylene Pipe of the Potential for Material Degradation					
ADB-11-05	Sep 1, 11	Potential for Damage to Pipeline Facilities Caused by the Passage of Hurricanes					
ADB-11-04	Jul 27, 11	Potential for damage to pipeline facilities caused by severe flooding.					
http://utahomo/apps/ningling/Inspection Forms/6772 Form V Intro Cas Presedures and Plan Paviau (Pay Apr 2012) docy							

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfactory N/A – Not Applicable N/C – Not Checked If an item is marked U, N/A, or N/C, an explanation must be included in this report.

For more PHMSA Advisory Bulletins, go to http://phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline/regs/advisory-bulletin